

American Fork City



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For Fiscal period ended June 30, 2015

American Fork City Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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Introductory Section



December 12, 2015

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council, and the Citizens of American Fork City; State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of American Fork City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

This report consists of the management's representations concerning the finances of American Fork City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of American Fork City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of American Fork City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.) Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, American Fork City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

American Fork's financial statements have been audited by Gilbert & Stewart, Certified Public Accountants, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of American Fork City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used, and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that American Fork City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. American Fork City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

American Fork City, incorporated in 1853, is located in the Northern region of Utah County, Utah. The City is situated approximately 28 miles from Salt Lake City, the capital of Utah. The City covers an area of approximately 9.43 miles.



The 2010 census indicated that American Fork City has a population of approximately 26,600 residents. American Fork City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

American Fork City has operated under the Mayor, Council form of government since incorporation. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of a mayor and five councilpersons. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and providing "advice and consent" for the Mayor appointments.

The government's administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. All Council members serve four-year terms. The Mayor is elected to a four-year term.

Once known as the "Hub of Utah County," American Fork now views its mission as a "destination city." American Fork City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of city streets, water, sewer, storm drain, secondary irrigation and other services. Sanitation services are provided through a contractual arrangement with Allied Waste Services.

American Fork City Redevelopment Agencies and American Fork City Building Authority both act as legally separate agencies but function, in essence, as departments of American Fork City and therefore have been included as an integral part of American Fork City's financial statements. The American Fork Redevelopment Agency (RDA) plays a pivotal role in revitalizing many areas throughout the City. The City's building authority is the conduit whereby the City can finance major building projects. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for American Fork City's financial planning and control. All agencies of American Fork City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the government's budget officer annually. The Budget Officer and City Administrator review these requests; the requests serve as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The government's Budget Officer then presents the proposed budget to the council for review prior to the first regularly scheduled meeting in May. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 22nd of the fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (i.e. public works), and department (i.e. engineering.)

Department heads may request transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments and increases in departmental budget require the approval of the governing council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 78 as part of the basic financial statements for



the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 81.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which American Fork City operates.

Local economy. American Fork City currently has a mix of retail and light manufacturing. The City is climbing out of the recessionary period which proved to be hard on the City; significantly decreasing revenues and slowing the housing market. The City is currently seeing increases in sales tax revenues and increased interest in construction within the City.

Sales tax of the City is collected through the State. The State collects direct point of sale sales tax; the tax goes through an equation whereby the City receives directly one half of 1% of the direct point of sale, sales tax. The other half goes into a pool of sales tax and is re-distributed to all entities of the State based on population. The actual sales tax received by the City, because of the distribution formula, is less than 1%.

American Fork City successfully put on the ballot an option to assess an additional one-tenth percentage of sales tax that will be collected and used exclusively for parks, arts, recreation and cultural purposes. This new sales tax is entitled the PARC tax. The details of the revenues and expenditures of the PARC tax are maintained in the PARC tax fund.

Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the government's boundaries or in close proximity include software manufacturers, pharmaceuticals, food manufacturers, and automobile retail. The City also has a large health-based component with the American Fork Hospital located within the City's boundaries.

Utah County, which includes American Fork City, has an employed labor force of approximately 189,634, average wages were \$786 per week; according to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics (http://www.bls.gov/ro7/qcewut.htm#table1.) American Fork has an employed labor force of approximately 11,618. The current unemployment rate for the State of Utah is 3.5% as of June 2015 (http://www.bls.gov/eag/eag.ut.htm.)

Long-term financial planning. The governing council plans to develop an expanded regional park, near an existing regional park, "Art Dye Park." The City continues to look for funding options for the Art Dye Park development.

The City Council views the cemetery expansion as a primary issue. Last fiscal year, the City Council approved a loan from the cemetery perpetual care fund to the capital improvement fund to expand and develop additional cemetery space. This project is known as the "Memorial Gardens Cemetery."



Other projects for development include areas near the Utah Transit Authority, Front Runner train system. The developing area would be entitled "transit area development". Several studies and proposals have been submitted to the Council with an intended "mixed-use-development" flavor, utilizing retail and residential features.

The City views the revitalization of the downtown as one of its core projects. The City has organized a board to look at ways to implement the "American Fork City Main Street Vision" to work on this issue.

Of major concern to the City is the maintenance and upkeep of the City road system. The City currently has approximately 112 lane-miles of road in the City. The current funding options for the upkeep and expansion of the road system are: B&C road funds, derived from a State-collected and distributed gas tax; impact fees, reserved for growth-related projects; and the road accrual fund, from property tax revenue, set aside for road improvements.

The City took forward a road bond proposition for inclusion on the November 2013 election ballot. The bond would have improved about 20% of the road system, with the infrastructure (water lines, sewer lines and storm drain system) below the roads. The proposition was not successful. The City is looking at other possible funding options.

The options the City has explored include: do nothing, increase property taxes, assess a road-utility fee, encourage the State to allow increased B&C gasoline tax assessments. These options are being studied by the City Council.

The City has conducted a water rate study on behalf of the water and sewer fund, which recommended rate adjustments to better meet operational and debt service financing for the secondary irrigation bonds. The first phase of the adopted rate adjustments took effect July 2012; scheduled rate increases were anticipated over five years. Fiscal year 2014-2015 represented the 3rd year of the rate structure.

The City is currently looking at the results of a sewer and storm rate study, to determine if/when utility rates from sewer and storm drain should be adjusted.

Impact fee rate studies have been conducted for water, sewer, transportation, fire and police impact fees. The storm drain impact fee study was conducted in 2015, the rates to be implemented beginning with fiscal year 2016.

Impact fees are assessed against new development to cover that portion of increased use on an existing system (water, storm drain, sewer, police services, transportation etc.) that should be borne by new growth. The theory being that the current capacity that is adequate for existing residents has already been paid for by existing residents.

Other financial highlights, not otherwise discussed. Debt retirement continues to be a priority for the City. In January 2015, the City refunded the RDA sales tax bonds. On June 11, 2015, the City refunded the 2007 secondary irrigation bonds.



The City continues to monitor opportunities for debt re-structuring and retirement. The City is currently looking at further refunding through the 2008 secondary irrigation bonds.

As mentioned above, the City has concentrated efforts in establishing accrual accounts to accumulate funds for major projects. Some of the accrual accounts set-up by the City include: vehicle replacement accrual, streets accrual, and the downtown development accrual.

The effects of a strong sales tax base in the City continues to be a contributing factor to the City's ability to maintain its financial equilibrium. Although past recessionary changes in the economy have had a distinct effect on the City, the City has been able to maintain a somewhat stable budget, without the drastic fluctuations we've seen in some of our sister-communities. The City is showing an increasing sales tax base and building-related fees are increasing. The City continues to seek opportunities for further expansion of the sales tax base through private/public projects such as economic development areas.

Cash management policies and practices. Cash not used in current operations is invested in the Public Treasurer's Investment pool (PTIF). Short-term deposits are held at local banking institutions. Some of the City's short-term bank accounts include: the general operating account, the payroll account, the ambulance revenue account and other small, special purpose accounts.

As mentioned above, the City receives funding for road improvements through the State's class C road fund program. The funds are allotted funds from gasoline fee collections. The allocation is based on road-miles and population of the City. It is the City's policy to use class C road funds for road improvements prior to the use of City allocations.

American Fork City's unemployment insurance participation is self-funded and the City pays into the program based on assessments and billings through State Unemployment system, and employee applications for unemployment.

Risk Management. American Fork City has initiated a limited risk management program in conjunction with the workers compensation program and insurance program. Training opportunities have been offered to City employees in areas of health maintenance and safe work environment training. Department-specific training is provided to employees to prevent risks associated as per industry standards.

The City has invested significant funds in two sewer cleaning and videoing machines which have significantly decreased the occurrence of sewer back-ups, and reduced City liability in this area. The City also seeks to repair sewer lines to remedy infiltration issues that are prevalent in the aging infrastructure. We've experienced significant decreases in payments to the Timpanogos Special Service District which processes sewer for the City.



The City has recently begun a proactive approach to tree trimming in City parks and City-owned properties to decrease the potential risk associated with tree related accidents. The City has also put specific focus on safety inspections of playground equipment.

Pension and other postemployment benefits. American Fork City participates in the Utah State Retirement Program for the City's employees. The Retirement System is an agent plan for the benefit of American Fork City employees, being managed by the Utah State Retirement program. American Fork City has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond regular contractual payments to the Utah State Retirement System.

This is the first year the City is implementing GASB 68 related to reporting the City's allocation portion of the unfunded liability balance of the Utah Retirement System.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to American Fork City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report, as well as the help and support of our auditors, Gilbert and Stewart, Certified Public Accountants.

Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the American Fork City finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Cathy Jensen

Finance/Budget Officer

Craig Whitehead City Administrator



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

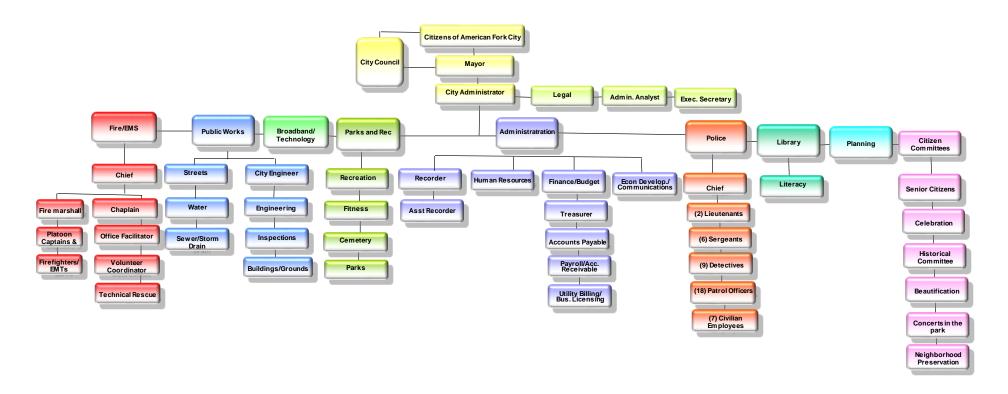
American Fork City Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

AMERICAN FORK CITY Organizational Chart





American Fork City

List of Elected and Appointed Officials
June 30, 2015

Elected Officials

Mayor James H. Hadfield
Council Member Clark Taylor
Council Member Brad Frost
Council Member Rob Shelton

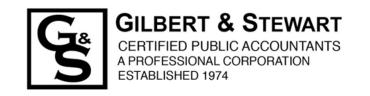
Council Member Jeffrey Shorter Council Member Carlton Bowen

Appointed Officials

City Administrator
City Recorder
Deputy Recorder
City Treasurer (interim)
Fire Chief
City Administrator
Richard Colborn
Terilyn Lurker
Amanda Durrant
Kriss Garcia
Lance Call



Financial Section



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council American Fork City, Utah

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the American Fork City, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control; accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 5. (H) to the financial statements, in 2015 the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—An Amendment to*

GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information and the required supplementary information regarding pensions, as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements, budgetary comparisons, and capital assets as listed as supplemental information in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements, budgetary comparisons, and capital assets are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gilbert & Stewart GILBERT & STEWART, CPA, PC Provo, Utah December 12, 2015 Page Intentionally Left Blank



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of American Fork City, we offer readers of American Fork City's financial statements this narrative, discussion, overview and analysis of the financial activities of American Fork City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of American Fork City governmental activities exceeded the liabilities as of the close of the most recent year by \$88,383,499 (net position). Of this amount \$5,851,287 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- In the general fund, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3,799,059, before inter-fund transfers.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund totaled \$4,915,646; 23% of total general fund revenues as per the Utah State directed calculation. State statutes allow a maximum unassigned fund balance of 25% of total general fund revenues.
- Property Tax Revenue from a property tax increase in 2007 helped finance an accrual account for road projects; the City continues to fund this accrual account at a rate of \$500,000 per year.
- The City is in the process of researching alternative revenue sources for funding road maintenance and reconstruction. Possible alternatives include: Do nothing, increased B&C road fund rates through the State, a road utility fee, increased property taxes. Alternatives will be presented to the Council and they will make the final decisions as to appropriate funding options.
- Sales tax revenue received by the City, on a cash-basis for the period of July 2014 through June 2015 showed an increase of 7% over the same period in the previous year. This percentage is higher than the previous period (July 2013 through June 2014) which had a 5.5% increase from the previous period.
 - An analysis of sales tax over time, shows not only an increase in the amount of sales tax received, but also a significant increase in the number of sales tax filers. Please see the "sales tax revenue payers by industry" schedule in the statistical section of this report to view the detail.
- Sales tax revenue, a major operating revenue of the City, continues to be a prime concern. Economic events
 continue to be monitored, and conservative revenue projections continue to be employed to help prepare for
 possible further economic downturns of the economy. Current budgetary practices reflect this conservatism.
 Happily, actual sales tax revenues continue to out-pace budget.
- In March 2013, the City was able to defease the outstanding balance of debt service on the 2003 broadband bond. This had the effect of decreasing the fund balance in the broadband fund. However, it is hoped that now the largest liability in the broadband fund has been retired, operating revenue and further gains from the sale of fiber lines will help reduce/eliminate the negative fund balance in the broadband fund.
- The City issued refunding Sales Tax RDA bonds in January 2015 and refunding GO Secondary Irrigation bonds in June 2015 in an effort to continue to reduce the outstanding bond liabilities of the City. The City is currently exploring the option of refunding the 2008 secondary irrigation bond, in the anticipation of taking advantage of current low interest rates.
- The City began assessing the PARC (Parks, Arts, Recreation and Culture) tax that is assessed much like a sales tax at a rate of 1/10th of 1%. Fiscal Year PARC tax totaled \$206,437.11. These funds will be held in the PARC Tax fund. Allocations of the funds to qualifying grounds will be decided by the PARC committee.



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the City, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the net assets of the City changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*.) The governmental activities of the City include general government and administration, public safety, public works, library and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include Water and Sewer, and the Broadband.

Please refer to the table of contents for the location of the government-wide financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds* and *fiduciary funds*.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of government funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and government activities.

The City maintains 11 governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, debt service, capital projects, redevelopment agency and fitness center, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 7 funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.



The City's governmental funds are:

General Fund Alpine Special Improvement Fund (Capital Projects Fund)
Debt Service Fund Meadows Special Improvement Fund (Capital Projects Fund

Redevelopment Agency Fitness Center
Building Authority PARC Tax
Capital Improvements Fund (Capital Projects Fund) Broadband

Perpetual Care (Permeant Fund) Downtown Redevelopment Fund

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

A *Permanent fund* is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs; for the benefit of the government or its citizenry The City's only permanent fund is the perpetual care fund, for the cemetery. These funds are restricted by legislative action (American Fork City Code 8.04.270). This code states that the corpus of the trust funds will stay intact in the trust; the interest portion of the cemetery revenue will be transferred to the general fund.

Please refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS. The City maintains one *proprietary fund* type. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer and broadband funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer and broadband funds which are all considered to be major funds of the City.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS. *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for *proprietary funds*. The City does not hold any fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. The *notes* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and the enterprise fund is presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of American Fork City, assets exceed liabilities by \$144,478,353 (net position) at the close of fiscal year 2015.



An additional portion of the City's net position (approximately 4%) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$12,695,313 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of June 30, 2015, the City is able to report positive balances in both categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

AMERICAN FORK CITY NET POSITION

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Current and other assets	\$19,204,793	\$20,675,714	\$12,145,245	\$11,485,809	\$31,350,038	\$32,161,523		
Capital Assets (net)	90,266,995	83,091,253	91,508,332	90,788,142	181,775,327	173,879,395		
Total assets	109,471,788	103,766,967	103,653,577	102,273,951	213,125,365	206,040,918		
Deferred outflow of resources	718,150	51,218	636,219		1,354,369	51,218		
Current liabilities outstanding	4,616,504	1,774,062	4,453,009	3,573,286	9,069,513	5,347,348		
Long term liabilities	13,167,354	12,328,847	43,674,265	43,837,203	56,841,619	56,166,050		
Total liabilities	17,783,858	14,102,909	48,127,274	47,410,489	65,911,132	61,513,398		
Deferred inflow of resources	4,022,581	3,499,892	67,668	-	4,090,249	3,499,892		
Net assets:								
Net investment in capital assets	77,235,965	71,127,403	48,696,089	47,049,142	125,932,054	118,176,545		
Restricted	5,296,247	5,183,412	60,910	320,639	5,357,157	5,504,051		
Unrestricted	5,851,287	9,904,569	7,337,855	7,493,681	13,189,142	17,398,250		
Total net position	<u>\$88,383,499</u>	\$86,215,384	<u>\$56,094,854</u>	<u>\$54,863,462</u>	<u>\$144,478,353</u>	<u>\$141,078,846</u>		

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$2,168,115 over the previous year. The major contributor to this increase was a conservative budgeting in the governmental funds, including some personnel positions that weren't timely filled. Also, the City had increased tax revenues, increased grant funding for major capital road projects and increased charges for services

The City exercised prudent management in the capital outlay expenses. Funding for capital assets was geared to assets, such as the fire truck capital lease and the purchase of police vehicles. The City recognizes that continued restraint in the funding of capital assets will not be possible. We believe it is in the best interest of the City to maintain a fleet of well-performing assets. Primary concern exists for the future funding of improvements to infrastructure in areas such as streets and water/sewer lines.

As described in the introduction, the City continues to search for resources to fund cemetery property, sidewalk, road improvements, and sewer and water infrastructure. In the 2015 adopted operating budget, the City Council approved a loan from the perpetual care fund to the capital improvement fund to allow for significant expansion and improvements to the City cemetery.

Current sources of funds for road improvements include B&C road funds and the road accrual fund. The road accrual fund is made up of an annual allocation of property tax revenue. Impact fees are available for those road projects attributable to growth.

The City has contracted for and is currently in the process of conducting an impact fee study, to explore the option of assessing storm drain impact fees.

The City has conducted a water rate study to review water rates charged to citizens; the rate study was concluded in May 2012. The rate study suggested a scheduled increase of approximately 15% for residential water base rates the first year with smaller increases over the successive 5 years. Rate increases for commercial and secondary rates were also adopted.

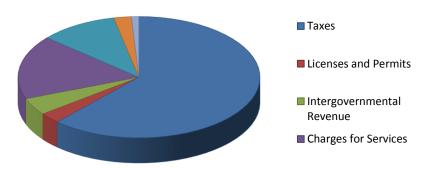


The City has undergone a study for storm drain rate adjustments, but the Council has decided that at this time, they will not implement the new rates.

The rate studies are necessary to meet the challenges of decreasing impacts fees and increasing expenditures related to bond debt service and capital infrastructure needs. The City currently is dealing with aging infrastructure and is looking for creative funding methods to alleviate that problem.

A visual representation of the revenues by source:

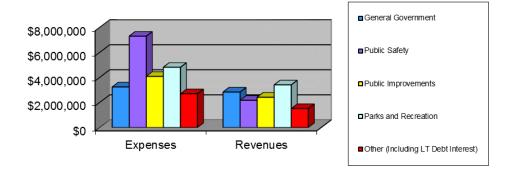
REVENUES BY SOURCE General Fund For Period Ending June 2015





Expenses and Revenues for some program categories in governmental activities include the following:

PROGRAM EXPENSES AND REVENUES Governmental Activities For Period Ending June 2015



AMERICAN FORK CITY

Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	<u>2015</u>	2014		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 9,364,185	\$ 8,418,241	\$ 12,908,896	\$ 13,623,621	\$ 22,273,081	\$ 22,041,864		
Grants and contributions								
Capital Grants	2,053,979	1,629,794	969,247	563,106	3,023,226	2,192,900		
Operational Grants	973,579	-	-	-	973,579	-		
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	5,833,877	5,606,622	-	-	5,833,877	5,606,622		
Other taxes	8,883,748	8,411,281	-	-	8,883,748	8,411,281		
Other	100,771	117,710	8,389	879,232	109,160	996,942		
Total Revenues	27,210,139	24,183,648	13,886,532	15,065,959	41,096,671	39,249,609		
Expenses:								
General government	22,172,602	20,756,122	-	-	22,172,602	20,756,122		
Water and Sewer	-	-	11,475,488	11,385,465	11,475,488	11,385,465		
Broadband			300,291	313,049	300,291	313,049		
Total expenses	22,172,602	20,756,122	11,775,779	11,698,514	33,948,381	32,454,636		
Increase in net position before transfers	5,037,537	3,427,526	2,110,753	3,367,445	7,148,290	9,259,043		
Transfers	349,141	322,858	(349,141)	(322,858)				
Increase in net position	\$ 5,386,678	\$ 3,750,384	\$ 1,761,612	\$ 3,044,587	\$ 7,148,290	\$ 9,259,043		
Net Position-beginning	\$ 86,215,384	\$ 82,465,000	\$ 54,863,463	\$ 51,818,875	\$141,078,847	\$134,283,875		
Restated net position	(3,218,563)		(530,221)		(3,748,784)			
Net Position-ending	\$ 88,383,499	\$ 86,215,384	\$ 56,094,854	\$ 54,863,462	\$137,330,063	\$134,283,875		

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. As shown above, the net position of Business-Type Activities totals \$56,094,854, which is approximately 42% of the City's total net assets.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the year, the American Fork City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,597,073. This is the total of all governmental funds (General Fund, Capital Projects Funds, Debt Service, Fitness Center and all other non-major governmental funds.)

Approximately 37 percent of the governmental fund balance amount (\$4,984,368) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to pay for encumbrances 2) to pay for debt service 3) to pay for capital projects 4) has already been expended for capital assets or the funds have been assigned for other purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,915,646.

The year-to-year increase in the general fund balance (\$59,527) is primarily due to increased revenues such as sales tax. There is also a restatement of fund balance in the general fund was primarily to recognize a compensated absences adjustment made to bring the previous year balance to actual.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. In the case of the general fund, all of the fund balance is unassigned. The total fund balance as a ratio of expenditures represents approximately 28% of the total general fund expenditures before transfers out. After transfers from the general fund, the unassigned fund balance represents 23% of expenditures.

Governmental Funds



Changes to other governmental funds, fund balance include: An increase in a new fund, the PARC Tax fund, which is the first year this fund has been established. The fund balance is \$206,437. This represents the PARC tax collected for the period of April 2015-August 2015. A decrease in RDA fund balance of \$342,892 which reflects a change in contract allocation of the EDA funds, which now includes interest payments and also increased costs associated with construction projects in the RDA areas. An increase in the celebration fund balance of \$48,265 reflects the celebration committee's change of talent at the celebration "Big Show" from a very large talent, to more local talent. The fitness center fund balance increased by \$26,052; this reflects the effort to lower costs and increase participants at the fitness center.

The 2013 fiscal year was the last year the City operated the Arts Council. Funding for the Arts Council will now come through the PARC tax committee, through an application process. The general government of the City will still oversee the City's Steel Days art show and the City's "Concerts in the PARC", a summer-weekly program where local talent performs at the City's amphitheater and residents can come and enjoy the summer talent.

The RDA fund is comprised of three redevelopment areas and one EDA (economic development area.)



Both the RDAs and EDAs generate revenue from property tax increment from both the City's portion of property tax and local taxing entities. The local taxing entities from the RDAs and EDAs are comprised of American Fork City, Nebo School District, Utah State School District, Utah County, Central Utah Water District and North Utah County Water District.

In the EDA, the City is governed by two main documents; an agreement to develop land with the developer of the EDA, who was incentivized to install infrastructure to bring economic development to the area; and by the EDA documents, which allows the City to draw other local taxing entities' property tax increment to be applied to EDA and targeted housing areas.

The original EDA document contained a budget limiting the amount of tax increment the City could draw from the EDA areas, the balance of increment was returned to the taxing entities.

The developer of the EDA petitioned the City to increase the "budget" or limit of taxing revenue received from the EDA area, thereby increasing his portion of reimbursement for the infrastructure and adding an interest component to the equation. The City and the taxing entities agreed to amend both the EDA documents and the ADL. This will have the effect of bringing additional funds into the RDA fund and allowing the City to do additional capital projects to develop the EDA area. This will have a significant impact on future fund balances of the RDA fund.

Significant economic development reimbursement agreements were approved with Woodbury Corporation and Young Living, whereby a portion of property and if applicable, sales tax, will be remitted to the companies, to encourage associated growth with their company's relocation to American Fork City.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS. The City's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position, formerly called "net assets," of the respective proprietary funds are Water and Sewer \$57,806,143, and Broadband (\$1,711,289).

Broadband. The Broadband continues to carry negative net assets. The City is aware of this and has implemented a plan to gradually improve this situation.

The City retired the Broadband sales tax revenue bonds in April of 2013. The City has progressively sold off fiber lines, including the inner-City network, in an effort to divest itself from the operations of the broadband system. The City maintains several fiber strands that run from Salt Lake to Spanish Fork; a distance of approximately 46 miles.

The City, in addition to fiber "leases" to schools and private entities, has entered into several "IRUs" (Irrevocable rights of use). The IRUs are essentially "sale of assets" because the life of the IRUs exceeds the useful life of the fiber.

Funds received from the IRUs have been reserve-funded to accumulate enough funds to retire the broadband bonds.

The net effect of the use of reserved funds and the sale of the asset has been to reduce the net position of the broadband. The City is anticipating that the accumulation of lease revenues and continued contracts for IRUs will have the combined effect of bringing the net position in the broadband to a positive balance, over time. The position of the City in this has gained positive results.

Water and Sewer. In 2012 the City contracted for a rate study for City provided utility rates (culinary and secondary irrigation water.) Since that time, on an annual basis, the City has raised water rates in accordance with that study. The two primary purposes of the rate increases was to generate significant revenue to meet debt service obligations for the 2007 and 2008 secondary irrigation bonds and make improvements to the City's aging utility infrastructure. Fiscal year 2015 reflects the third of a five step increase in water rates.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a net increase of \$3,468,700 City-wide.



In making budgetary adjustments where possible, individual departmental budgets were examined to look for excess budget. The City continues to re-evaluate revenue streams and adjust expenditures throughout the fiscal year. Departments continue to be innovative in looking at ways to adjust their budgetary expenditures, to save money.

The majority of the adjustments made in the general fund were related to operational expenses, with an offsetting increase to some revenues such as sales tax revenue. Some changes in the budget may be summarized as follows:

\$533,300 increase in the general fund was due mainly to re-allocation of budget and adjustments for increased operational revenues, re-allocation of wages and a variety of operational expenses throughout the departments in the general fund. Some of these include:

- Tax revenue exceeded original budget in several areas. Among these areas, significant increases include:
 - senior citizen revenues \$163,000,
 - fines and forfeitures \$75,100,
 - a transfer from the water and sewer funds to recognize the general funds offset to the utility services provided by the utility fund; \$295,200.

Combined, these adjustments were able to offset many of the general fund adjustments. Total adjustments in the original budget, to arrive at the final budget total. An increase of \$533,300.

- Other areas of expenditures that exceeded original budget include: Legislative budget, which reflects an adjustment of benefits given through an optional benefit package (\$18,000.)
- The Public works supplies account (\$5,000).
- The required utility expense required to cover the services provided by the utility fund by general fund buildings and grounds.
- The engineering fund had an increase of \$20,500 to cover the additional cost associated with the utilization of interns in the engineering division who are involved with mapping assignments.
- \$129,400 was increased in the streets department to reflect additional street light improvements that were paid for by developers, but not fully recognized in the expense side of the budget.
- The Senior Citizens budget was increased \$63,000 to reflect additional expenses associated with booking their checking account activities.
- Cemetery department expenses increased \$59,200 associated with the payment of principal and interest associated with the perpetual care loan which funded the cemetery expansion project.
- The Capital Improvement budget was increased \$1,487,800 primarily to reflect expenses associated with 900 west construction, a grant-funded project.
- The water and Sewer fund was increased \$210,800 primarily to recognize the transaction associated with charging utility fees to the governmental departments.
- The Fitness Center fund was increased to reflect increased operational expenses, offset by increased revenues; and, the utility charge to be paid to the utility fund.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS. Traditionally, American Fork City has striven to conduct the budget in a fiscally conservative manner, both for Revenues and Expenditures. The final budget variance for total revenues of the general fund, over amended budget was approximately 6% positive; the final budget variance for general fund expenditures was about 5.5% positive.

The most significant item that can be identified as a fiscal variance was sales tax, which was about 5.6% higher than anticipated after July and August revenue was received.

Much of the expenditure's positive variance can be identified by budgeted positions that were not filled during the fiscal period.



The significant variance in the "Transfers in" is due to the budgeted "Use of beginning fund balance" that is used to balance the budgetary funds. This use of fund balance was not necessary in the actual transactions of the City, due to the increase in revenue.

American Fork City Variances between Final Amended Budget and Actual Results General Fund

	Budgeted					
				-	Fina	l Budget
	Final		Actual	Fav	orable	(Unfavorable)
Revenues (inflows)						
Taxes	\$ 12,435,200	\$	13,202,516		\$	767,316
License and permits	505,600		615,566			109,966
Intergovernmental	921,700		973,579			51,879
Charges for services	3,724,000		3,652,448			(71,552)
Other fees and services	1,857,200		2,025,026			167,826
Cemetery fees	115,900		194,468			78,568
Fines and forfeitures	430,500		505,283			74,783
Miscellaneous	89,000		163,107			74,107
Interest income	30,000		47,453			17,453
Total revenues	20,109,100	_	21,379,446			1,270,346
Expenditures (outflows)						
General government	3,724,500		3,299,609			424,891
Public safety	7,440,300		7,294,729			145,571
Public improvements	2,696,900		2,505,941			190,959
Parks and recreation	2,349,400		2,191,639			157,761
Other	2,397,400		2,288,467			108,933
Total expenditures	18,608,500		17,580,385	-		1,028,115
Other Financing Sources and Uses						
Transfers in	2,530,800		280,690			2,250,110
Transfers out	(4,031,400)		(4,020,222)			(11,178)
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	(1,500,600)		(3,739,532)			2,238,932
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	-		59,529	_		(59,529)

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS. The capital projects fund is used to account for the costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities and procuring equipment necessary for providing programs for the citizens of the City.

Major capital asset expenditures include the fire truck capital lease, the purchase of police vehicles, and expenditures on City infrastructure (roads, water, sewer, secondary irrigation).

The City has elected to use the modified approach to account for its infrastructure assets such as roads and bridges. As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, the City has adopted the "modified approach" for reporting costs associated with certain infrastructure assets. The City capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that increase the capacity and/or efficiency of infrastructure assets reported under the modified approach.



The average remaining service life (RSL) for American Fork City roads, as assessed through the annual road inventory system of the road is 16 years. The desired RSL for roads in American fork City is 12 years or greater. The average RSL has been increased over previous years due to the significant investment in new road projects such as 900 West, which has raised the average life for the entire City. The City is still looking at alternatives for future funding to increase the RSL for the rest of the road system.

Some of the alternatives for future funding the road system include: do nothing, increased B&C road funds, a road system utility fee, increases in property taxes, grants and inter-local agreements. These funding alternatives will be decided by the American Fork City Council.

During the proposed bond presentations, it was estimated that it would cost over \$22 million to bring a small portion of the road system to a maintainable level.

A primary concern of the City is the maintenance and upkeep of the City road system. Utah has dramatic seasonal changes with significant freezing/thawing and high temperatures. These climate conditions shorten the lives of roads.

The goal of the City is to find future funding of at least \$2 million dollars per year to contribute to the road system. This will not be possible however, without alternative financing method other than general fund revenues (impact fees, B&C road funds, property taxes and sales taxes.)

Further information about the City's modified approach can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section of the financial statements.



An analysis of the City's capital assets is as follows:

American Fork City Capital Assets

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total			
	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	2014	2015	<u>2014</u>		
Land	\$25,653,257	\$25,653,257	\$765,003	\$765,003	\$26,418,260	\$26,418,260		
Infrastructure	35,898,051	32,615,351	-	-	35,898,051	32,615,351		
Buildings & Improvements	38,420,576	37,501,520	102,399,547	99,729,918	140,820,123	137,231,438		
Equipment	9,536,605	9,095,252	1,983,667	1,909,840	11,520,272	11,005,092		
Construction in progress	1,270,911	-	-	-	1,270,911	-		
Accumulated Depreciation	(23,545,415)	(21,774,127)	(32,802,533)	(30,297,373)	(56,347,948)	(52,071,500)		
Water Stock			19,101,234	18,680,754	19,101,234	18,680,754		
Total	\$87,233,985	\$83,091,253	\$91,446,918	\$90,788,142	\$178,680,903	\$173,879,395		

Readers desiring more detailed information on capital asset activity can refer to note 6 of the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$52,301,002. The debt represents both general obligation bonds and revenue bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds.)

An additional outstanding debt is represented below in capital leases of \$429,016. These leases are primarily for public safety (police and fire) and streets (dump truck.)

American Fork City Outstanding Debt

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Total				
	2014	2015	<u>2014</u>	2015	2014	2015			
G.O. Bonds	\$8,398,000	\$6,868,000	\$42,970,000	\$41,995,000	\$51,368,000	\$48,863,000			
Revenue Bonds	3,109,780	2,701,001	769,000	737,000	3,878,780	3,438,001			
Capital Lease	391,513	318,923	_		391,513	318,923			
Total	<u>\$11,899,293</u>	<u>\$9,887,924</u>	<u>\$43,739,000</u>	<u>\$42,732,000</u>	<u>\$55,638,293</u>	<u>\$52,619,924</u>			

State statutes (Utah State Constitution, Article XIV, Section 4) limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 12 percent of its total fair market value of taxable property in the City; 4 percent for general obligation debt, and an additional 8 percent for water, light or sewer.

The current fair market value of the taxable property in the City is \$2,403,307,000. The current debt limitation for the City is \$239,534. American Fork City has general obligation debt of \$48,863,000.

Additional information on the long-term debt obligations of the City can be found in note 8.



Legal Debt Margin Calculation Fiscal Year Ending June 2015

(dollars in thousands)

Assessed value	\$ 2,403,307
Debt limit (12% of assessed value)	288,397
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	 48,863
Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 48,863
Legal debt margin	\$ 239,534

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- American Fork City is located in Utah County. The unemployment rate for Utah County as of June 2015 was 3.6%. This rate is less than the reported US unemployment rate at that time of 5%, as provided by the Utah Department of Workforce Services. (https://jobs.utah.gov/wi.)
- There are approximately 150 acres of commercial property that continues to be developed in American Fork City. This development provides new sales and property tax to the City. The City actively encourages new development. The City also has implemented a "shop local" campaign to encourage residents to retain their tax dollars in the City.
- The City continues to exercise conservatism with regards to expenditures, employee compensation, capital improvements and capital assets. City administration continues to exercise creative ways to preserve as well as step up maintenance for assets and infrastructure. Some of the techniques the City uses for repairs and improvements of infrastructure include: street resurfacing, in-house repairs of culinary water and sewer line repairs and alternative funding sources such as grants and Federal funding.
- One of the major budget issues on the horizon for the City is the implementation of the Affordable Care Act. The City continues to weigh the effects of the new legislation and find ways to adhere to its strictures.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION. The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of American Fork City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to American Fork City, Finance Officer, 51 East Main Street, American Fork City, Utah 84003.



Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,621,397	\$ 9,895,936	\$ 22,517,333				
Receivables (net of allowance)							
Accounts	1,127,014	1,208,202	2,335,216				
Intergovernmental	196,853	-	196,853				
Taxes	5,309,282	-	5,309,282				
Other	-	953,107	953,107				
Internal balances	(88,000)	88,000	-				
Inventory	38,247	-	38,247				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	2,927,764	60,910	2,988,674				
Net Pension Asset	105,246	504	105,750				
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):							
Land	24,926,328	765,003	25,691,331				
Land Right of Way	726,929		726,929				
Water stock	-	19,101,234	19,101,234				
Buildings and improvements	38,420,576	102,399,547	140,820,123				
Equipment	9,536,605	1,983,667	11,520,272				
Infrastructure	35,898,051	-	35,898,051				
Construction in progress	1,270,911	-	1,270,911				
Accumulated depreciation	(23,545,415)	(32,802,533)	(56,347,948)				
Total assets	109,471,788	103,653,577	213,125,365				
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES							
Bonding refunding cost	41,005	525,728	566,733				
Pension Related	677,145	110,491	787,636				
Total deferred outflow of resources	718,150	636,219	1,354,369				
I IADII FUIC							
LIABILITIES Outstanding or hoods in account of demants		2.166.006	2.166.006				
Outstanding checks in excess of deposits	1 077 004	3,166,906	3,166,906				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,977,804	694,064	2,671,868				
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	339,925	43,867	383,792				
Deposits	2,263,676	212,646	2,476,322				
Due to other entities	-	45,634	45,634				
Bond interest payable	35,099	289,892	324,991				
Long term liabilities	2 200 7 12	4 -54 -000	2.052.455				
Due within one year	2,300,543	1,651,932	3,952,475				
Due in more than one year	10,866,811	42,022,333	52,889,144				
Total liabilities	17,783,858	48,127,274	65,911,132				
DEFERRD INFLOW OF RESOURCES NET POSITION							
Unearned property taxes levied for future yeears	3,477,259	_	3,477,259				
Pension Related	545,322	67,668	612,990				
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,022,581	67,668	4,090,249				
Total deferred outlions of lesources	1,022,301	07,000	1,000,210				
Net investment in capital assets	77,235,965	48,714,918	125,950,883				
Restricted	,200,700	,,,	,>,				
Impact fees	2,924,396	60,910	2,985,306				
Non-Expendable	541,967	-	541,967				
Redevelopment	1,829,884	_	1,829,884				
Unrestricted	5,851,287	7,319,026	13,170,313				
Total net position	\$ 88,383,499	\$ 56,094,854	\$ 144,478,353				
1 otal net position	Ψ 00,303,477	Ψ 50,074,054	Ψ 117,770,333				

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				P	rogra	m Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue & Changes					
					O	perating Capital in Net Position								
			(harges for	Gı	rants and	C	rants and	Go	vernmental	Bu	isiness-type		
Function/Programs]	Expenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	3,246,024	\$	2,842,021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(404,003)	\$	-	\$	(404,003)
Public safety		7,307,342		1,916,989		110,106		155,911		(5,124,336)				(5,124,336)
Public improvements		4,091,567		-		855,895		1,571,182		(1,664,490)				(1,664,490)
Parks and recreation		4,821,504		3,088,685		-		326,886		(1,405,933)				(1,405,933)
Other		2,286,097		1,516,490		7,578		-		(762,029)				(762,029)
Interest on long-term debt		420,068		_		-		-		(420,068)				(420,068)
Total governmental activities		22,172,602		9,364,185		973,579		2,053,979		(9,780,859)				(9,780,859)
Business-type activities:														
Sewer and water		11,475,488		12,677,709		_		969,247		_		2,171,468		2,171,468
Broadband		300,291		231,187		_		-		_		(69,104)		(69,104)
Total business-type activities		11,775,779		12,908,896		_		969,247				2,102,364		2,102,364
71	\$	33,948,381	\$	22,273,081	\$	973,579	\$	3,023,226		(9,780,859)		2,102,364		(7,678,495)
	Gene	ral revenues:												
	Pro	perty taxes							\$	5,833,877	\$	_	\$	5,833,877
		neral sales and	use	tax						6,548,967		-		6,548,967
	Ene	ergy taxes								1,764,609				1,764,609
		nchise taxes								570,172		-		570,172
	Gai	n (loss) on sale	e/reti	rement of ass	ets					(18,270)		-		(18,270)
	Inte	erest earnings								119,041		8,389		127,430
	Trans									349,141		(349,141)		-
	T	otal general rev	enu	es						15,167,537		(340,752)		14,826,785
		Change in net	posi	tion						5,386,678		1,761,612		7,148,290
	Net p	osition - begin	ning	5						86,215,384		54,863,463		141,078,847
	Retat	ted net position	1							(3,218,563)		(530,221)		(3,748,784)
	Net p	osition - endin	g						\$	88,383,499	\$	56,094,854	\$	144,478,353

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2015

	General Fund		Capital Projects		Debt Service	Spe	ecial Revenue Fitness Center		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,801,320	\$	3,519,940	\$	937,496	\$	340,491	\$	2,022,150	\$ 12,621,397
Receivables (net):										
Accounts	959,474		-		-		-		167,540	1,127,014
Taxes	5,309,282		-		-		-		-	5,309,282
Intergovernmental	-		196,853		-		-		-	196,853
Due from other funds	-		-		-		-		80,150	80,150
Note Receivable-interfund			-		-				496,082	496,082
Inventory	22,289		-		-		12,509		3,449	38,247
Restricted cash			2,927,764		-		-		-	2,927,764
Total assets	\$ 12,092,365	\$	6,644,557	\$	937,496	\$	353,000	\$	2,769,371	\$ 22,796,789
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUN Liabilities:	D BALANCES	3								
Outstanding checks in excess of deposits	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	582,842		1,322,917		-		61,831		10,055	1,977,645
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	302,543		-		-		37,382		-	339,925
Accrued compensated absences	317,216		-		-		6,730		-	323,946
Note Payable-intefund			496,082		-		-		-	496,082
Due to other funds	80,150		88,000		-		-		-	168,150
Due to other entities	160				-					160
Deposits	2,263,676		-		-		-		-	2,263,676
Total liabilities	3,546,587		1,906,999		-		105,943	_	10,055	5,569,584
Deferred inflow of resources										
Unearned Property Tax-levied for future years	3,630,132		-		-		-		-	3,630,132
Unavailable property taxes-delinquent	0		-		-				-	
Total liabilities	3,630,132				-			_		3,630,132
Fund Balances: Permanently Restricted For:										
Perpetual care									541,967	541,967
Redevelopment	_		-		-		-		1,829,884	1,829,884
Impact fees			2,924,396						1,029,004	
Assigned for:	-		2,924,390		-		-		-	2,924,396
9			1,813,162							1,813,162
Capital projects Debt service fund	-		1,813,102		937,496		-		-	937,496
	-		-		937,496		-		- 924	
Municipal Building	-		-		-		247.057		824	824
Special revenue funds	4.015.44		-		-		247,057		317,919	564,976
Unassigned	4,915,646		4,737,558		027.406		247.057		68,722 2,759,316	4,984,368
Total fund balances	4,915,646			\$	937,496	\$	247,057	\$		13,597,073
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resource	± 3 12,092,365	<u> </u>	6,644,557	•	937,496	<u> </u>	353,000	•	2,769,371	\$ 22,796,789

Balance Sheet Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2015

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:

\$ 13,597,074

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets cost \$ 110,779,400 Net of accumulated depreciation (23,545,415) 87,233,985

Long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the governmental fund statements.

Delinquent property taxes 152,873

Net pension assets and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not available financial resources and are not rported in the governmental funds

Interest payable, but not yet due, on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund statements.

Interest payable (35,099)

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not require current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds

(545,322)

782,391

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the governmental fund statements.

Deferred loss on refunding (net of amortization)

41,005

Due in one year

(2,300,543)

Due in more than one year (10,542,865) (12,802,403)

Net assets of government activities \$ 88,383,499

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Debt <u>Service</u>	Special Revenue Fitness <u>Center</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$ 13,202,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,296,949	\$ 14,499,465
Licenses and permits	615,566	-	-	-	-	615,566
Intergovernmental	973,579	854,840	-	-	-	1,828,419
Charges for services	3,652,448	-	-	-	137,986	3,790,434
Other fees and services	2,219,492	-	-	2,022,906	207,912	4,450,310
Fines and forfeitures	505,283	-	-	-	-	505,283
Impact fees	-	1,080,634	-	-	-	1,080,634
Miscellaneous	163,107	85,559	-	-	-	248,666
Interest income	47,453	25,500	1,665	559	43,865	119,042
Total revenues	21,379,444	2,046,533	1,665	2,023,465	1,686,712	27,137,819
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	3,299,609	-	-	-	-	3,299,609
Public safety	7,294,729	-	-	-	-	7,294,729
Public improvements	2,505,941	-	-	-	1,009,325	3,515,266
Parks and recreation	2,191,639	-	-	2,416,571	107,721	4,715,931
Other	2,288,467	-	40,204	-	1,600	2,330,271
Debt service: Principal retirement		278,377	3,622,778			3,901,155
Interest and fiscal charges	-	27,889	336,251	-	87,554	451,694
Capital Outlay	_	27,869	330,231	_	07,554	431,094
General government	-	167,013	-	-	-	167,013
Public safety	-	502,349	-	-	-	502,349
Public improvements	-	285,197	-	-	-	285,197
Parks and recreation	-	363,288	-	-	-	363,288
Other	-	3,761,367	-	-	-	3,761,367
Total expenditures	17,580,385	5,385,480	3,999,233	2,416,571	1,206,200	30,587,869
Excess revenues over (under)						
expenditures	3,799,059	(3,338,947)	(3,997,568)	(393,106)	480,512	(3,450,050)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of capital lease	-	251,350	-	-	-	251,350
Issuance of Refunding Bond	-	-	1,684,000	-	-	1,684,000
Transfers in	280,690	2,059,822	2,380,100	419,158	60,700	5,200,470
Transfers out	(4,020,222)	(265,400)			(565,707)	(4,851,329)
Total other financing sources and uses	(3,739,532)	2,045,772	4,064,100	419,158	(505,007)	2,284,491
Net change in fund balance	59,527	(1,293,175)	66,532	26,052	(24,495)	(1,165,559)
Fund balances - beginning of year	5,085,476	6,030,734	870,964	249,343	2,783,811	15,020,328
Restatement of Fund Balance	(229,359)					(229,359)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 4,915,644	\$ 4,737,559	\$ 937,496	\$ 275,395	\$ 2,759,316	\$ 13,625,411

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation to Statement of Activities June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,165,559)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital asset acquisitions	\$ 5,998,183	
Current year depreciation	(1,867,744)	4,130,439
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net position.		
Capital contributions	30,563	
Cost of assets sold	(18,270)	
Cost of assets sold	(10,270)	12,293
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources		12,273
are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Delinquent Property Taxes		11,721
Demiquent Hoperty Taxes		11,721
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases,) provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of		
long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.		
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental		
funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items		
when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in		
the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in		
the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Bond and lease principal payments	3,901,180	
Refunding bond proceeds	(1,684,000)	
Lease Proceeds	(251,350)	
Deferred charge on refunding	(10,213)	1,955,617
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of		
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		
Accrued compensated absences	(58,037)	
Pension related expenses	458,365	
Accrued interest payable	41,838	442,166
		f 5006 677
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 5,386,677

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2015

June	2 30, 2015 Business	-Type Activities - I	Enterorise
	Business	-1 y pe Metivities - 1	anterprise
	Sewer and Water Fund	Broadband Fund	Total
ASSETS	water I und		Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,700,115	\$ 195,821	\$ 9,895,936
Accounts receivable - net of allowance	1,152,162	56,040	1,208,202
Note receivable - current portion	5,898	500,000	505,898
Due from other funds	88,000		88,000
Total current assets	10,946,175	751,861	11,698,036
Noncurrent assets:			
Note receivable - long-term	447,209	-	447,209
Net Pension Asset	504	_	504
Capital assets			
Land	765,003	-	765,003
Water stock	19,101,234	-	19,101,234
Buildings and improvements	101,194,570	1,204,977	102,399,547
Machinery and equipment	1,816,014	167,653	1,983,667
Less: accumulated depreciation	(32,199,787)	(602,746)	(32,802,533)
Total capital assets	91,124,747	769,884	91,447,422
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	60,910		60,910
Total noncurrent assets	91,185,657	769,884	91,955,541
Total assets	102,131,832	1,521,745	103,653,577
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Bonding refunding cost	525,728	-	525,728
Pension Related	97,079	13,412	110,491
Total deferred outflow of resources	622,807	13,412	636,219
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Outstanding checks in excess of deposits	-	3,166,906	3,166,906
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	693,424	640	694,064
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	38,379	5,488	43,867
Due to other entities	45,634	-	45,634
Bond interest payable	289,892	-	289,892
Long-term debt, current portion	1,592,000	-	1,592,000
Compensated absences	54,996	4,936	59,932
Total current liabilities	2,714,325	3,177,970	5,892,295
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customer deposits	212,646	-	212,646
Net Pension Liability	414,522	56,977	471,499
Long-term debt	41,516,588	-	41,516,588
Compensated absences	30,924	3,322	34,246
Total noncurrent liabilities	42,174,680	60,299	42,234,979
Total liabilities	44,889,005	3,238,269	48,127,274
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related	59,491	8,177	67,668
Total deferred outflow of resources	59,491	8,177	67,668
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	47,945,033	769,884	48,714,917
Restricted - capital projects	60,910	-	60,910
Unrestricted	9,800,200	(2,481,173)	7,319,027
Total net position	\$ 57,806,143	\$ (1,711,289)	\$ 56,094,854

AMERICAN FORK CITY Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Business-T	ype Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	S	Sewer and	Broadban	ıd		
	W	ater Fund	Fund			Total
Operating revenues						
Water charges and fees	\$	6,191,859	\$	-	\$	6,191,859
Sewer charges and fees		5,708,465		-		5,708,465
Internet and connection fees		-	231,1	187		231,187
Other income		777,385				777,385
Total operating revenues		12,677,709	231,1	187		12,908,896
Operating expenses						
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		1,380,615	201,6	606		1,582,221
Materials and supplies		451,720	39,9	974		491,694
Utilities and telephone		7,629	1,7	732		9,361
Professional and technical		268,642	9,6	505		278,247
Timpanogos Special Service District		2,543,353		-		2,543,353
Water assessment fees		543,031		-		543,031
Other		1,619,265		-		1,619,265
Depreciation		2,482,785	47,3	374		2,530,159
Total operating expenses		9,297,040	300,2	291		9,597,331
Operating income		3,380,669	(69,1	104)		3,311,565
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Grant Revenue		251,166		-		251,166
Interest income		7,391	ç	998		8,389
Bond interest expense		(2,178,448)				(2,178,448)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(1,919,891)	ç	998		(2,170,059)
Net income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers		1,460,778	(68,1	106)		1,392,672
Contributions and transfers						
Capital contributions		30,226		-		30,226
Impact Fees		687,855		-		687,855
Transfers out		(349,141)		-		(349,141)
Total contributions and transfers		368,940		-		368,940
Change in net position		1,829,718	(68,1	106)		1,761,612
Total net position - beginning		55,976,425	(1,643,1	183)		54,333,242
Total net position - ending	\$	57,806,143	\$ (1,711,2	289)	\$	56,094,854

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type	e Activities - Ente	erprise Funds
	Sewer and Water	Broadband	Total BTAs
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 12,425,380	\$ 184,629	\$ 12,610,009
Payments to suppliers	(4,982,488)	(64,138)	(5,046,626)
Payments to employees	(1,436,335)	(214,197)	(1,650,532)
Net cash provided (used) by			
operating activities	6,006,557	(93,706)	5,912,851
Cash Flows From Noncapital			
Financing Activities			
Change in outstanding checks in excess of deposits		98,536	98,536
Cash paid to other funds	(349,141)	-	(349,141)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	(349,141)	98,536	(250,605)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related			
Financing Activities			
Cash received for impact fees	687,855	-	687,855
Capital Grant	251,166	-	251,166
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,152,981)	(5,828)	(3,158,809)
Principal paid on capital debt	(8,027,000)	-	(8,027,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(2,069,068)		(2,069,068)
Net cash provided (used) by capital			
and related financing activities	(5,439,168)	(5,828)	(5,444,996)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Interest and dividends received	7,391	998	8,389
Net cash provided (used) by investing			
activities	7,391	998	8,389
Net increase (decrease) in cash and			
cash equivalents	225,639	-	225,639
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	9,535,386	-	9,535,386
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 9,761,025	\$ -	\$ 9,761,025

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows (*Continued*) For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Business-Type	Acti	vities - Ente	rprise	Funds
(Continued)	Sew	er and Water	Br	oadband		otal BTAs
Reconciliation of operating income to						_
net cash provided (used) by operating						
activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,380,669	\$	(69,104)	\$	3,311,565
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income to net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		2,482,785		47,374		2,530,159
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(252,329)		(46,558)		(298,887)
(Inc)/decrease in Deferred outflows pension		(18,723)		(2,573)		(21,296)
(Increase) decrease in Net Pension Assets		(504)		(69)		(573)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		389,450		(12,827)		376,623
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		5,854		840		6,694
Increase (decrease) in due to other entities		8,831		-		8,831
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(1,094)		(5,118)		(6,212)
Increase (decrease) in deposits		52,871		-		52,871
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(100,744)		(13,848)		(114,592)
Increase (decrease) deferred inflows - pensions related		59,491		8,177		67,668
Total adjustments		2,625,888		(24,602)		2,601,286
Net cash provided (used) by						
operating activities	\$	6,006,557	\$	(93,706)	\$	5,912,851
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities						
Contributions from contractors for:						
Water and Sewer Improvements	\$	(24,296)	\$	_	\$	(24,296)
Total Contributions from Contractor	\$	(24,296)			\$	(24,296)
Reconciliation of total cash and cash investments						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,700,115	\$	_	\$	9,700,115
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		60,910				60,910
Total cash and cash investments	\$	9,761,025	\$		\$	9,761,025



Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to the user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

American Fork City, Utah (City) was incorporated under the laws of the Territory of Utah in 1853. The City operates under a council-mayor form of government and provides the following broad range of services to its citizens: general administrative services, public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, recreation and parks, public improvements, planning and zoning. It also operates the water and sewer utilities.

A. Accounting and Reporting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Proprietary funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

B. Component Units

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and accounts relevant to the operations of American Fork City. The financial statements of the City include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the City. Control or dependence is determined on the basis that the board is essentially the same as the City Council and the services are provided to the City. The City also facilitates the budget adoption, taxing authority, funding and appointment of the respective governing board. Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the American Fork Arts Council and the Redevelopment Agency and the Building Authority are included in the accompanying financial statements and reported in the American Fork Arts Council, Building Authority and Redevelopment Agency special revenue funds. These funds are considered to be blended component units.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual blended component units may be obtained at the American Fork City offices.

The accounts of Fox Hollow Golf Course and Timpanogos Special Service District are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the entities are autonomous and have a self-elected board of directors responsible for their operations and the hiring of their management personnel. The City pays Timpanogos Special Service District for its share of services received. Timpanogos Special Service District receives payments from other nearby cities receiving these same services. Fox Hollow Golf Course was established in 1973 by American Fork City, Pleasant Grove City, and Lehi City. The Golf Course has its own board, with one member of the city council serving on that board. The City has guaranteed one third of the \$4,880,000 bond.

C. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from those statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary activities. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most of the governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The City has presented the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund is used to account for funds received and expended for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements, and equipment (other than those financed by proprietary funds.)

Fitness Center Fund

This fund accounts for the amounts received and expended for the operation of the fitness center.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The accounting objectives are determinations of net income, financial position and cash flow. All assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets. The City has presented the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer and Water Fund

The sewer and water fund is used to account for the provision of sewer and water services to the residents of the City. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance of the sewer and water system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt and capital improvements. All costs are financed through charges to utility customers.

Broadband Fund

The broadband fund is used to account for the provision of digital services to businesses and internet service providers within the network. Activities of the fund include administration, operations, and maintenance of the network system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt, and capital improvements. All costs will be financed through charges to internet service providers, business connections, and general fund transfers. A significant portion of the broadband system was sold in June 2008 to UTOPIA and a private company. See Note 15. The City continues to issue IRUs (Irrevocable rights of use) that are treated as "sale" of assets, because the term of the IRUs extend beyond the expected life of the asset.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods or services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of personal and contractual services, materials and supplies, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net assets; and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers amounts collected within 60 days after year-end to be available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, ambulance fees, safety contracts, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

F. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balance or Equity

1. Deposits and investments

The City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents for reporting purposes in the Statement of Cash Flows for the Proprietary Funds.

2. Receivables and payables and transfers

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds."

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations in both governmental and proprietary funds.

3. Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned Equity

Restricted assets are comprised of cash restricted for future payments of principal and interest on debt services. It is the policy of the City to use assets in the following order: Restricted, committed, assigned, and then unassigned assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purposes, restricted resources are expended first, in order to meet statutory, budgetary, grant or revenue requirements. For instance, the City receives B&C road funds and has maintained the policy that those funds for road expenditures will be expended prior to expending city allocated road accrual funds, in order to report to the State that all funds distributed for B&C roads have been properly expended. The same rules for expenditure apply to grant funds awarded to the City.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest of \$2,655,909 has been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment in the governmental funds.

Assets having an original cost of \$5,000 or more are capitalized. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10-50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years
Infrastructure	40-60 years

The City has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its road and bridge networks. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," the City must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its roads and bridges are being preserved at or above condition levels established by City policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

6. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation pay. The City accrues vacation pay when earned. Accrued vacation pay over 240 hours is forfeited on an annual basis.

The City has a policy which allows employees to buy back sick leave in excess of the maximum accumulation limit. Sick buy-back is limited to earned sick time over 480 hours.

Because of the management of compensated absences, the majority of vacation and sick pay earned is considered long-term see "Changes in long-term debt" schedule for more information on compensated absences.

Compensated absences liabilities are liquidated in the fund in which they are earned. For instance, departments assigned to the general fund will have the associated departmental compensated absences liquidated by the general fund. This same liquidation policy applies to the fitness center, broadband and water and sewer departments.

7. Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied and tax notices are sent on November 1. All unpaid taxes are due and become delinquent on November 30. Property tax revenues are recognized by the City when they are collected. Property taxes and fees on licensed motor vehicles are collected on a monthly basis in the month in which the individual motor vehicle license is renewed. Property taxes are billed and collected by Utah County on behalf of the City and remitted to the City monthly. At June 30, 2015, only delinquent taxes are uncollected.

In accordance with government accounting standards, a receivable and deferred revenue has been recorded for property taxes assessed at January 1, 2014 that will not be collected in the current fiscal year. These amounts are considered to be unavailable to pay for current resources.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Beginning with 2013, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. These Statements provide financial reporting guidance to standardize the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. They also establish accounting standards and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities, and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two Deferred Outflows, refunding bond costs and pension related costs.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items, one of which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and pension related costs. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The item, *revenue for future year*, is reported in both the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts account for property taxes levied on January 1, 2014 for the 2014-2015 Fiscal year.

9. Net Assets

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting in Governmental Fund Types Definitions*. The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the City is bound to honor them. The City first determines and reports nonspendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth. The City's governmental funds beginning balances have been restated to reflect the below classifications. Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

Nonspendable. This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to inventories, prepaid expenditures, and endowments are classified as nonspendable.

Restricted. This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either a) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance amounts include the following:

- a) Debt service
- b) Perpetual care
- c) Redevelopment
- d) Impact fees.

As a general rule, the City applies restricted resources to projects before applying unrestricted resources. A good example is in the application of B&C road funds which are restricted to specific projects related to B&C road maintenance; another example is the use of impact fees which are restricted to identified growth-related projects. These are used prior to using unrestricted funds.

Committed. This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the City Council. Fund balance commitments can only be removed or changed by the same type of action (for example, resolution) of the City Council. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The City Council has not committed any fund balance amounts.

Assigned. This category includes General Fund balance amounts that the City intends to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. The policy to assign fund balance generally comes from the City Council as a formal action, during a noticed Council meeting or budget approval. This category also includes the remaining positive fund balance for other governmental funds. The City has assigned debt service requirement, Municipal building, special revenues, and capital projects.

Unassigned. Residual balances in the General Fund are classified as unassigned.

When committed, assigned, and unassigned resources are available for use for the same purpose, the expenditure will be examined to determine which category of fund balance will be applied to the expenditure. Committed funds will always be used as identified by the formal action of the Council.

Assigned funds will be the next strategic use of fund balance; and if no specific guidance or determination of fund balance is given, unassigned fund balance will be applied.

10. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities at June 30, 2015 and revenues and expenses during the year then ended. The actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets.

The City Council approves by resolution the total budget appropriation by fund. The City Budget Officer is authorized to transfer budget amounts within departments of a fund. Any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by the City Council. A public hearing is held anytime an increase in total appropriations is made. The budget was amended in fiscal year 2015. Unused appropriations for all of the annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

Budgetary control is maintained primarily at the department level.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code* Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) and the rules of the Utah Money Management Council (the Council). Following are discussions of the City's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

While the City's actual amount of deposits was \$23,102,229 the balance in the City's bank accounts was \$22,335,733 with the difference being due to outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

Custodial Credit risk

Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure the City's deposits may not be recovered. The City's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of the City to be in a *qualified depositary*, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured up to a mandatory limit by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council. As of June 30, 2015 the deposits were as follows:

Depository Account	Custodial Credit Risk Risk		Balance ne 30, 2015
Checking Account	Insured	\$	500,000
Savings Accounts	Insured	Ψ	168,285
Savings Accounts	Uninsured		109,450
Checking Accounts	Uninsured		2,759,763
Total Deposits		\$	3,537,498

Investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. As with Deposits, the City's policy for managing custodial credit risk of investments is to adhere to the Money Management Act.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Money Management Act. The Act requires investment transactions to be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investments securities. Permitted investments include deposits of qualified depositories; repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first-tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the U.S. treasury and U.S government-sponsored enterprises; bonds and notes of political subdivisions of the State of Utah; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations defined in the Act.

The City is authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances.

The fair value of the PTIF balance approximates the cost; the difference is \$97,028, which is considered immaterial. The fair value of the City's position in the PTIF is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The following are the City's investments as of June 30, 2015:

	Fair				Quality	Ratings	
<u>Investments</u>	<u>Value</u>	AA	<u>A</u>	<u> </u>	<u>4A</u>	<u>A</u>	Unrated
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	1 \$ 19,560,597	\$		\$	_	\$	- \$ 19,560,597
Total Investments	\$ 19,560,597	\$		\$	_	\$	- \$ 19,560,597

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investing mainly in the PTIF and by adhering to the Money Management Act. The Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity of commercial paper to 270 days or less and fixed-rate negotiable deposits and corporate obligations to 365 days or less. Maturities of the City's investments are noted above. The City's cash and cash equivalents include \$2,988,647 of restricted cash for debt services, capital projects, and cemetery care (see governmental funds balance sheet, pg. 30).

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

]	PARC	Do	owntown	P	erpetual	S	lewer and	C	apital			
General		Tax	Rede	evelopment		Care		Water	Pr	ojects	Bı	oadband	Total
\$ 970,579	\$	139,595	\$	-	\$	1,400	\$	1,240,619	\$	3,368	\$	56,606	\$ 2,412,167
5,309,282		-		-		-		-				-	5,309,282
-		-		-		496,082		-				-	496,082
-		-		26,545		-		453,107				500,000	979,651
													-
(11,105)		-				-		(88,457)				(566)	(100,128)
\$ 6,268,756	\$	139,595	\$	26,545	\$	497,482	\$	1,605,269	\$	3,368	\$	556,040	\$ 9,097,054
\$	\$ 970,579 5,309,282 - - (11,105)	General \$ 970,579 \$ 5,309,282 (11,105)	\$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 5,309,282 - (11,105) -	General Tax Rede \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ 5,309,282 - - - - - (11,105) - -	General Tax Redevelopment \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - 5,309,282 - - - - - - - 26,545 (11,105) - -	General Tax Redevelopment \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 5,309,282 - - - - - - - 26,545 -	General Tax Redevelopment Care \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 5,309,282 - - - - - - 496,082 - - 26,545 - (11,105) - - -	General Tax Redevelopment Care \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 \$ 5,309,282 - - - - - - - - - - 496,082 - - - 26,545 - - (11,105) - - - -	General Tax Redevelopment Care Water \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 \$ 1,240,619 5,309,282 - - - - - - - - 496,082 - - - - 26,545 - 453,107 (11,105) - - - - (88,457)	General Tax Redevelopment Care Water Property \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 \$ 1,240,619 \$ 5,309,282 -	General Tax Redevelopment Care Water Projects \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 \$ 1,240,619 \$ 3,368 5,309,282 - - - - - - - - 496,082 - - - - 26,545 - 453,107 (11,105) - - - (88,457)	General Tax Redevelopment Care Water Projects Br \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 \$ 1,240,619 \$ 3,368 \$ 5,309,282 -<	General Tax Redevelopment Care Water Projects Broadband \$ 970,579 \$ 139,595 \$ - \$ 1,400 \$ 1,240,619 \$ 3,368 \$ 56,606 5,309,282 - - - - - - - - - 496,082 - - - - - - 26,545 - 453,107 500,000 500,000 (11,105) - - - (88,457) (566)

The "other receivable" in the sewer and water fund consists of a \$453,107 note receivable from Heritage Care Center (See Note 14). The other receivable in the broadband fund consists of a \$500,000 note receivable from American Fiber for the sale of the broadband system (See Note 15).

During the year, accounts determined to be worthless and uncollectible are charged against the allowance.

The interfund balances at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	Due to	Due from			
General fund	\$ 80,150	\$	-		
Capital Projects fund	88,000		-		
Perpetual Care fund	-		80,150		
Sewer and Water fund			88,000		
Total	\$ 168,150	\$	168,150		

The balance due to the sewer and water fund is for loans for capital projects that will be repaid from capital projects fund reserves. The balance due to the other government funds is because of the timing of the interest income transferred from the general fund and other miscellaneous transactions that will be paid during the next fiscal year.

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

				Trai	nsfers Out		
			Capital	N	onmajor	Se	ewer and
	General	I	Projects	Gov	ernmental		Water
Transfer In:							
General	\$ -	\$	-	\$	51,707	\$	228,983
Capital Projects	2,021,000		-		-		-
Debt Service	1,508,900		265,400		514,000		91,800
Fitness Center	390,800		-		-		28,358
Nonmajor Govtl.	99,522		-		-		-
Sewer and Water	-		-		-		-
Broadband			_		_		<u>-</u>
Total Transfers:	\$ 4,020,222	\$	265,400	\$	565,707	\$	349,141

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund or the fund remitting the debt service payments as they become due, and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows* (formerly referred to as deferred revenue) in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred inflows* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Una	vailable	Unearned		
Property taxes receivable (general fund)	\$	-	\$	3,477,259	
Delinquent Property Taxes (general fund)		152,873			
Total deferred/unearned revenue for govrnm'tl funds	\$	152,873	\$	3,477,259	

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 24,926,328 - \$ - \$ 24,926,328 Land Right of Way 726,929 - - - 726,929 Road network 20,855,446 3,171,941 - - 24,027,387 Bridge network 1,353,714 - - - 1,353,714 Construction in progress - 1,270,911 - - 1,270,911 Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237 </th <th>Primary Government</th> <th>Beginning</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Ending</th>	Primary Government	Beginning				Ending
Land \$ 24,926,328 - - - \$ 24,926,328 Land Right of Way 726,929 - - - 726,929 Road network 20,855,446 3,171,941 - - 24,027,387 Bridge network 1,353,714 - - - 1,353,714 Construction in progress - 1,270,911 - - 1,270,911 Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	Governmental activities:	Balance	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Balance
Land Right of Way 726,929 - - - 726,929 Road network 20,855,446 3,171,941 - - 24,027,387 Bridge network 1,353,714 - - - 1,353,714 Construction in progress - 1,270,911 - - 1,270,911 Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 8 8 9,095,252 556,079 - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237						
Road network 20,855,446 3,171,941 - - 24,027,387 Bridge network 1,353,714 - - - 1,353,714 Construction in progress - 1,270,911 - - 1,270,911 Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9,095,252 556,079 - 114,726) 9,536,605 9,095,252 556,079 - 10,516,950 10,516			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	. ,,
Bridge network 1,353,714 - - 1,353,714 Construction in progress - 1,270,911 - - 1,270,911 Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 8 8 8 8 8 919,056 - - - 38,420,576 38,420,576 8 8 8 8 9,052,525 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 9,095,252 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950	· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	,
Construction in progress - 1,270,911 - - 1,270,911 Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	Road network	20,855,446	3,171,941	-	-	
Total capital assets not being depreciated 47,862,417 4,442,852 - - 52,305,269 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	ε	1,353,714	-	-	-	1,353,714
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	Construction in progress		1,270,911			1,270,911
Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	Total capital assets not being depreciated	47,862,417	4,442,852			52,305,269
Buildings and improvements 37,501,520 919,056 - - 38,420,576 Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment 9,095,252 556,079 - (114,726) 9,536,605 Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237		37.501.520	919.056	_	_	38.420.576
Curb and gutter 10,406,191 110,759 10,516,950 Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237	2 1	, ,	ŕ	_	(114 726)	
Total capital assets being depreciated 57,002,963 1,585,894 - (114,726) 58,474,131 Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 - - - 11,948,237		, ,	ŕ		(11.,,,20)	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 11,948,237	•				(114 726)	
Building and improvements 11,021,501 926,736 11,948,237	Total capital assets being depreciated	31,002,703	1,505,054		(114,720)	30,474,131
	Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Equipment 6.220.881 569.873 - (96.456) 6.694.298	Building and improvements	11,021,501	926,736	_	-	11,948,237
	Equipment	6,220,881	569,873	-	(96,456)	6,694,298
Curb and gutter 4,531,745 371,135 4,902,880	Curb and gutter		371,135	-	-	4,902,880
Total accumulated depreciation 21,774,127 1,867,744 - (96,456) 23,545,415	Total accumulated depreciation			-	(96,456)	23,545,415
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 35,228,836 (281,850) - (18,270) 34,928,716	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	35,228,836	(281,850)		(18,270)	34,928,716
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$83,091,253 \$4,161,002 \$ - \$ (18,270) \$87,233,985				\$ -		\$ 87,233,985
Beginning Ending		Beginning				Ending
Business-type activities: Balance Increases Transfers Decreases Balance	- -	Balance	Increases	Transfers	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and improvements \$ 765,003 \$ - \$ - \$ 765,003	Land and improvements	\$ 765,003	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 765,003
Water Stock 18,680,754 420,480 19,101,234	Water Stock	18,680,754	420,480			19,101,234
Total capital assets not being depreciated 19,445,757 420,480 - 19,866,237	Total capital assets not being depreciated	19,445,757	420,480		_	19,866,237
Capital assets being depreciated:		00 500 010	2 550 520			100 000 515
Buildings and improvements 99,729,918 2,669,629 102,399,547				-	-	
Equipment 1,909,840 98,827 - (25,000) 1,983,667						
Total capital assets being depreciated 101,639,758 2,768,456 - (25,000) 104,383,214	Total capital assets being depreciated	101,639,758	2,768,456		(25,000)	104,383,214
Less accumulated depreciation for:	Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements 28,761,998 1,134,986 - 29,896,984	Buildings and improvements	28,761,998	1,134,986	-	-	29,896,984
Machinery and equipment 1,535,375 1,395,174 - (25,000) 2,905,549	Machinery and equipment	1,535,375	1,395,174		(25,000)	2,905,549
Total accumulated depreciation 30,297,373 2,530,160 - (25,000) 32,802,533	Total accumulated depreciation				(25,000)	32,802,533
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 71,342,385 238,296 71,580,681	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	71,342,385	238,296			71,580,681
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$ 90,788,142 \$ 658,776 \$ - \$ - \$ 91,446,918	Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 90,788,142	\$ 658,776	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 91,446,918

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:		
Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	23,786
Public safety	4	454,073
Public Improvements	8	852,978
Parks and rereation	4	419,869
Other	1	117,038
Total depreciation expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,8	867,744
Business-type activities:		
Sewer and water	\$ 2,4	482,785
Broadband		47,374
Total depreciation expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,5	530,159
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,3	397,903

NOTE 7 – LEASE COMMITMENTS

The City entered into a capital lease agreement in November 2014 to purchase several police vehicles for the public safety department. The City financed the purchase over 36 months at a stated interest rate of 1.22% with a down payment of \$39,000 and annual payments of \$53,811 through February 2016. The lease is secured by the vehicles. The vehicles are recorded at \$144,680 with \$6,798 accumulated amortization.

The City entered into a capital lease agreement December 2011 to purchase a new fire truck for the public safety department. The City financed the purchase over 48 months with a stated interest rate of 2.085%. with annual payments of \$107,919 through December 2015. The lease is secured by the vehicle. The vehicle is recorded at \$565,081 with \$33,286 accumulated amortization.

The City entered into a capital lease agreement April 2014 to purchase a first responder vehicle for the public safety department. The City financed the purchase over 48 months with a stated interest rate of 1.090%. with \$27,000 down and annual payments of \$9,549 through April 2017. The lease is secured by the vehicle. The vehicle was not available at the end of the fiscal year (June 30, 2015) to take procession; the vehicle will be recorded as an asset on the City's books when it is received.

The City entered into a capital lease agreement October 2014 to purchase a dump truck and (2) SUV vehicles for public works. The City financed the purchase over 60 months with a stated interest rate of 1.52%, with annual payments of \$60,639.12 through October 2017 decreasing to annual payments of \$40,032 through October 2019. The lease is secured by the vehicles. The vehicles are recorded as follows: the dump truck is recorded at \$195,746 with \$44,190 in accumulated depreciation; the Building inspection vehicle is recorded at \$26,716 with \$8,402.73 in accumulated depreciation; and the public works vehicle is recorded at \$33,525 with \$10,801 in accumulated amortization.

Amortization of capital assets purchased under capital leases is included in depreciation.

Capital leases future debt service requirements:

Lease Arrangements										
Govern	mental	Busine	ss							
\$	231,919	\$	-							
	70,188		-							
	60,639		-							
	40,032		-							
	40,032									
\$	442,810	\$	-							
	(13,792)									
pay	429,018		-							
	224,484									
\$	204,534	\$	-							
	\$ \$ pay	70,188 60,639 40,032 40,032 \$ 442,810 (13,792) pay 429,018 224,484	\$ 231,919 \$ 70,188 60,639 40,032 40,032 \$ 442,810 \$ (13,792) pay 429,018 224,484							

NOTE 8 – LONG TERM DEBT

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2015 are comprised of the following: <u>Governmental</u> Business-type										
General Obligation Bonds		<u> </u>								
\$3,393,000 General Obligation Bond, due in annual installments on June 1 of \$540,000 to \$590,000 from 2014 to 2020. Interest at 1.530% due in semi-annual payments on December 1 and June 1.	\$2,853,000	\$ -								
\$5,545,000 General Obligation Bond, due in annual installments on June 1 of \$445,000 to \$690,000 from 2005 to 2017. Interest at 4.0% to 5% due in semi-annual payments on December 1 and June 1.	1,965,000									
\$1,650,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, due in annual principal payments and semi-annual interest payments beginning December 2011 through June 2021 The bond carries a variable interest rate ranging from .067-3.00%.	1,020,000									
\$8,250,000 General Obligation Bond, due in annual installments on May 1 of \$290,000 to \$545,000 from 2011 to 2035. Interest at 4% to 4.75% due in semi-annual payments on November 1 and May 1.		475,000								
\$7,020,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, due In annual installments on May 1 of \$50,000 to \$500,000 from 2016 to 2035. Interest at 2% to 4% due in semi-annual payments on May 1 and November 1.										
November 1.		7,020,000								
\$1,517,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, due in annual installments on September 1 of \$242,000 to 265,000 from 2013 to 2019. Interest at 1.550% due in semi-annual payments on September 1 and March 1.	1,030,000									
\$38,700,000 General Obligation Bond, due in annual installments on May 1 of \$300,000 to \$2,605,000 from 2011 to 2035. Interest at 3.5% to 5% due in semi-annual payments on November 1 and May 1.		34,500,000								
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$6,868,000	\$41,995,000								

NOTE 8 – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds future debt service requirements:

GO Bonds Year Ending	(Government	al Ac	tivities	Business-Type							
June 30,	Pri	Principal		Interest		Interest		Interest		ncipal	Inte	erest
2016	\$	1,588,000	\$	163,958	\$	1,330,000	\$	2,005,471				
2017		1,635,000		117,201		1,370,000		1,867,188				
2018		1,690,000		67,997		1,430,000		1,099,938				
2019		1,015,000		34,285		1,495,000		1,745,038				
2020		765,000		19,125		1,570,000		1,673,188				
2021-2025		175,000		5,250		9,080,000		7,155,738				
2026-2030		-		-		11,435,000		4,807,788				
2031-2035		-		-		14,285,000		1,944,481				
2036-2040		-				-		-				
Total	\$	6,868,000	\$	407,816	\$ 4	11,995,000	\$	22,298,828				

The general obligation bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the City. The general revenues of the City are contingently liable for the general obligation bonds that are currently outstanding and recorded as obligations of the business-type activities. The full faith and credit of the City is pledged to redeem these bonds if revenues from the proprietary funds are insufficient to meet the obligations. There are a number of covenants and restrictions contained in the revenue bonds. The City was in compliance with all significant covenants and restrictions related to the bonds at June 30, 2015.

Advanced Refunding. The City issued \$7,020,000 in general obligation bonds with an interest rate of 2.74%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$6,745,000 of outstanding 2007 general bonds with interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%. The net proceeds of \$7,270,728.21 (after payment of \$79,748.18 in issuance costs and \$46,112.01 in underwriter discount) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2007 general obligation bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$376,588.40. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt.

The government advance refunded the 2007 general obligation bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over twenty years by \$244,434.22 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$957,571.49.

NOTE 8 – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Revenue Bonds	Governmental	Business-type
\$800,000 2013 Water Revenue Bond, due in annual installments on January 1 of \$51,825 to \$52,720 from 2013 to 2033. Interest at 2.69% to 5.6% due in annual payments on January 1.	\$ -	\$ 737,000
\$1,092,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, due in annual Installments from April 2013 through October 2019. Interest due in semiannual installments April and October.	1, 017,002	
\$1,684,000 RDA Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments on March 1 of \$463,000 to \$383,000 from 2016 to 2019. Interest at .620% to 1.46% due in annual payments on March 1 and September 1.	1,684,000	
Total Revenue Bonds	\$2,701,002	\$ 737,000

Advanced Refunding. The City issued \$1,684,000 in sales tax refunding bonds 1.205%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$1,684,000 of outstanding 2005 RDA sales tax revenue bonds. The net proceeds of \$1,698,313 (after payment of \$28,107 in issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2005 RDA sales tax revenue bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The government advance refunded the 2005 sales tax revenue bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over twenty years by \$97,580 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$97,580.

Revenue bonds future debt service requirements:

a 1			
Sal	es.	1	Гах

Year Ending	Governmental Activities					Busine	ss-Ty	ss-Type		
June 30,	Prir	ncipal	Interest		Prin	cipal	Inte	rest		
2016	\$	501,345	\$	311,911		32,000		19,825		
2017		456,920		43,881		33,000		18,965		
2018		459,504		67,997		34,000		18,077		
2019		423,097		31,997		35,000		17,162		
2020		860,136		12,902		36,000		16,221		
2021-2025		-		-		195,000		66,040		
2026-2030		-		-		223,000		29,386		
2031-2035		-		-		149,000		8,097		
2036-2040						-		_		
Total	\$	2,701,002	\$	468,689	\$	737,000	\$	193,772		

The future debt service requirements for all outstanding bond and note obligations as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Total Debt

Year Ending	Governme	Business-Type				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal	Inte	erest
2016	\$ 2,089,345	\$	475,869	\$ 1,362,000	\$	2,025,297
2017	2,091,920		161,083	1,403,000		1,886,152
2018	2,149,504		135,994	1,464,000		1,118,014
2019	1,438,097		66,283	1,530,000		1,762,200
2020	1,625,136		32,027	1,606,000		1,689,408
2021-2025	175,000		5,250	9,275,000		7,221,777
2026-2030	-		-	11,658,000		4,837,174
2031-2035	-		-	14,434,000		1,952,578
2036-2040						-
Total	\$ 9,569,002	\$	876,505	\$ 42,732,000	\$	22,492,600

NOTE 8 – LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	July 1, 2014	Additions	D	eductions	June 30, 2015	,	Due in One Year	More	Due in than one year
C	2014	 Additions	- 1	eductions	 2013		Jie Teal	WIOIC	than one year
Governmental Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$ 8,398,000	\$ -	\$	1,530,000	\$ 6,868,000	\$	1,588,000	\$	5,280,000
Revenue bonds	3,109,780	1,684,000		(408,778)	2,701,002		501,345		2,199,657
Compensated Absences	364,996	64,768		-	429,764		42,976		386,788
Net Pension Liability	3,514,718	-		775,148	2,739,570		182,638		2,556,932
Long term leases	756,070	251,350		278,402	 429,018		224,848		204,170
Gov't Activities LT debt	\$ 15,387,494	\$ 2,000,118	\$	2,174,772	\$ 13,167,354	\$	2,539,807	\$	10,627,547
Business-Type Activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$ 42,970,000	\$ 275,000	\$	975,000	\$ 41,995,000	\$	1,330,000	\$	40,665,000
Revenue bonds	769,000	-		32,000	737,000		32,000		705,000
Compensated Absences	98,202	-		4,024	94,178		59,932		34,246
Net Pension Liability	572,163	-		100,664	471,499		-		471,499
Net Bond Premium		376,588			 376,588		18,829		357,759
Business-type LT debt	\$ 44,409,365	\$ 651,588	\$	1,111,688	\$ 43,674,265	\$	1,440,761	\$	42,233,504

Changes in long –term debt include changes in long term liabilities, changes in bonds payable, deferred items, capital leases, and compensated absences during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS

State Retirement

American Fork City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System and the Public Safety Retirement System for employers with social security coverage. These retirement systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems provide retirement benefits, annual cost of living allowances, death benefits, and refunds to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes established and amended by the State Legislature.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the *Utah Code* Annotated 153 (Chapter 49) as amended, which also establishes the Utah State Retirement Office (Office) for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans. Chapter 49 places the Systems, the Office and related plans and programs under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems and Plans.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description: Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems.

The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System); Firefighters Retirement System (Firefighters System); are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement systems.
- The Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and costsharing, multiple-employer retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System); and the Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement systems.

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

The Utah Retirement Systems (Systems) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Systems' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

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Benefits provided: URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

System	Final Average Salary	Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefit	Benefit percent per year of service	Cola**
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 years	30 years any age; 25 years any age*; 20 years age 60*; 10 years age 62*; 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Public Safety System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age; 10 years age 60; 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 2.5% to 4% depending on the employer
Firefighters System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age; 10 years age 60; 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 4%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age; 20 years age 60*; 10 years age 62*; 4 years age 65	1.5% per year, all years	Up to 2.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Highest 5 years	3 years any age; 20 years age 60*; 10 years age 62*; 4 years age 65	1.5% per year, all years	Up to 2.5%

^{*} with actuarial reductions

Contributions: As a condition of participation in the Systems, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates are as follows:

^{**} All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

Utah Retirement Systems

	Employee Paid	Paid by Employer for Employee	Employer contribution Rates
Contributory System			
111-Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	N/A	14.830%
Noncontributory System			
15-Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	N/A	18.470%
Public Safety Retirement System			
43-Other Division A Noncontributory Tier 1	N/A	N/A	34.040%
122-Other Division A Contributory Tier 2	N/A	N/A	22.550%
Firefighters System			
31-Divison A Tier 1	N/A	15.050%	3.820%
132-Division B Tier 2	N/A	N/A	10.800%

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2014, we reported a net pension asset of \$105,819 and a net pension liability of \$3,211,069.

	Proportionate		
	Share	Net Pension Asset	Net Pension Liability
Noncontributory System	.4499177%	\$0	\$1,953,649
Public Safety System	.9998703%	0	1,257,420
Firefighters System	.14214988%	81,116	0
Tier 2 Public Employees System	.0782491%	2,371	0
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter system	1.5096317%	22,332	0
Total net Pension Asset/Liability	- -	\$105,819	\$3,211,069

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2014 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability was based upon actual historical employer contributions to the plan from the census data submitted to the plan for pay periods ending in 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, we recognized pension expense of \$915,334. At December 31, 2014, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$729	\$201,146
Changes in assumptions	0	411,844
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		
plan investments	82,292	0
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and		
proportionate share of contributions	0	0
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	704,546	0
Total	\$787,567	\$612,990

\$704,546 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2014. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	Deferred Outflows (inflows) of Resources
2015	(\$137,271)
2016	(\$137,271)
2017	(\$137,271)
2018	(\$86,903)
2019	(\$9,787)
Thereafter	(\$21,468)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 Percent
Salary Increases 3.50 - 10.5 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation.

Active member mortality rates are a function of the member's gender, occupation, and age and are developed based upon plan experience. Retiree mortality assumptions are highlighted in the table below.

Retired Member Mortality

Educators

Men EDUM (90%)

Women EDUF (100%)

Public Safety and Firefighters Men RP

2000mWC (100%)

Women EDUF (120%)

Local Government, Public Employees

Men RP 2000mWC (100%) Women EDUF

(120%)

EDUM = Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of male educators multiplied by given percentage EDUF = Constructed mortality table based on actual experience of female educators multiplied by given percentage

RP 2000mWC = RP 2000 Combined mortality table for males with white collar adjustments multiplied by given percentage

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period of January 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best- estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis				
Asset class		Target Asset Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term expected portfolio real rate of return	
Equity securities		40 %	7.06 %	2.82 %	
Debt securities		20 %	0.80 %	0.16 %	
Real assets		13 %	5.10 %	0.66 %	
Private equity		9 %	11.30 %	1.02 %	
Absolute return		18 %	3.15 %	0.57 %	
Cash and cash equivalents		0 %	0.00 %	0.00 %	
Totals		100 %		5.23 %	
	Inflation			2.75%	
	Expected arithme	etic nominal return		7.98%	



The 7.50% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.75%, a real return of 4.75% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Proportionate share of			
Net Pension (asset)/liability	\$8,179,727	\$3,105,250	(\$1,072,620)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Payables to the pension plan

[If reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan, it should disclose information required by paragraph 122 of GASB 68.]



NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Cafeteria/Deferred Compensation Plans

The City offers a cafeteria plan to all full-time employees to fund a variety of employee benefit programs including a 401K plan, life insurance, disability insurance, health insurance, and other benefits.

Also, the City has established a voluntary deferred compensation program pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 32 (GASB No. 32), the assets and income of the 457 Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries.



NOTE 10-DEFICIT NET ASSETS

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City had negative net assets in the broadband fund. During fiscal year 2003, an existing high-speed broadband system was purchased from a private company. The City began providing wholesale services to internet providers during fiscal year 2003. A significant portion of the broadband assets were sold to UTOPIA and a private company in June 2008. The City has since issued more IRUs (Irrevocable rights of use) that extend beyond the useful life of the asset, so are treated in the financial statements as a "sale" of assets. The City is currently reviewing their options to address the negative net assets.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the City to purchase commercial insurance for these risks. Various policies are purchased through an insurance agency to cover liability, theft, damage, and other losses. A minimal deductible applies to these policies which the City pays in the event of any loss. There have been no significant reductions in the coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years. The City also has purchased a workers' compensation policy.

NOTE 12 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISCLOSURES

In accordance with Section 17A-2-1217(3), the following information is provided for the Redevelopment Agency Fund:

A) The tax increment collected by the Redevelopment Agency Fund was as follows:

West Side	\$31,425
East Side	86,163
Business Park	576,924
Egg Farm	622,437

- B) There were no tax increments paid to any taxing agency pursuant to section 17A-2-1258 during the year ended June 30, 2015.
- C) The outstanding principal amount of bonds issued or other loans incurred to finance the costs associated with the project areas are as follows:

Sales Tax Revenue Bond \$1

\$1,684,000



NOTE 12 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

D) The following amounts were expended during the year ended June 30, 2015:

Site Improvements	\$	1,009,325
Administrative Costs	S	87,554

NOTE 13 – LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The City entered into an agreement with the State of Utah to lease office and court space to the Fourth Judicial District and Juvenile Courts. The lease agreement is through September 30, 2022, with five year renewal options. The annual lease payment is \$349,300. The operating and maintenance portion is currently being adjusted to reflect the City's actual costs.

The future lease payments are as follows:

Year	 Amount		
2016	\$ \$ 349,300		
2017	349,300		
2018	349,300		
2019-2022	 1,397,200		
	\$ 2,445,100		



NOTE 14 – SALE OF HOSPITAL – NOTE RECEIVABLE

The City sold the old hospital building to the tenant Heritage Care Center for \$2,686,964 in July 2003.

The City is financing \$492,000 of the sales price. The City's loan is secured by a second position interest in the building. The City's security is subordinate to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), which holds the first position interest.

Repayment of the note is subject to Heritage Care Center being in a surplus cash position as defined by their regulatory agreement with HUD. The City collected \$5,443 toward the principal on the note as well as interest in fiscal year 2015. The note receivable is recorded in the sewer and water fund. Scheduled principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year Ending							
June 30,	Prin	Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$	5,898	\$	36,035	\$	41,934	
2017		6,388		35,546		41,934	
2018		6,915		35,016		41,931	
2019		7,492		34,441		41,934	
2020		8,114		33,820		41,934	
2021-2025		51,863		157,806		209,669	
2026-2030		77,268		132,400		209,668	
2031-2035		115,118		94,551		209,669	
2036-2040		171,506		38,162		209,668	
2041		2,500		17		2,517	
Total	\$	453,064	\$	597,794	\$	1,050,861	

NOTE 15 – SALE OF BROADBAND ASSETS

On June 6, 2008, the City entered into an agreement with American Fiber, Inc. to sell the in-city fiber network, equipment, and receivables for \$500,000. The City financed the note with American Fiber, Inc. The terms are monthly interest-only payments at 12% beginning July 1, 2008, with the principal due on December 31, 2012. The note is secured by the system assets that were sold. The note has since been extended with an interest rate of 12% accruing monthly until the purchaser can obtain financing.

The City still owns the governmental portion of the network, which is approximately one-third of the original system.



NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 2, 2015 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 17 – LITIGATION

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions, pending actions, or in the process for miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability which might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. City management is of the opinion the final outcome of the cases will not have an adverse effect on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 18 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 68 Accounting for Financial Reporting of pensions which became effective for financial statement reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2014. As a result of implementing this statement, pension related items, which were previously not recognized, are now required to be reported in the City's financial statements. In the year of implementation, the City is required to include the pension related amounts and restate the earliest Net Position presented. Therefore the effect of adding the pension related items is reflected as a restatement of net position in the statement of Activities for governmental activities of \$2,960,866 as well as \$496,966 in the proprietary funds statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position, since these pension items do not relate to the current financial reporting period.

During the year it was noted that the payroll accrual for the prior year was not correctly accrued. As a result the City made adjustments to the beginning net position of \$257,697 in the Statement of Activities and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund balance for governmental activities, and \$33,255 in the statement of activities and the statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and changes in Net position for business-type activities.



Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by GASB, but are not considered part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

Modified Approach

Asset Management System Reporting Road Network Bridge Network

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund Fitness Center

Required Supplementary Information Modified Approach – Asset Management System

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, the City has adopted an alternative method for reporting costs associated with certain infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," infrastructure assets are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The City capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that increase the capacity and/or efficiency of infrastructure assets reported under the modified approach.

For budgetary comparison, the schedules are presented in a basis that is consistent with GAAP.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the City is required to:

Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.

Perform and document replicable condition assessments of the eligible infrastructure assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.

Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the City.

Document whether the infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at or above the condition level established by the City.

Road System

The condition of the City's 111.6 miles of road pavement is measured using the Distress Identification Manual for Long-Term Pavement Performance Projects published by the Strategic Highway Research Program (SHRP), which is based on a weighted average of seven distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from 0 to 20 years remaining service life for pavement. The condition index is used to classify roads in the following remaining service life categories: 19 to 20 years, 13 to 18 years, 9 to 12 years, 7 to 8 years, and 0 to 6 years. It is the City's policy to maintain the roads with an average remaining service life of 12 years or greater. The initial condition assessment was performed in fiscal year 2001 and yielded an average remaining service life (RSL) of 8.5 years. The 2004 assessment indicated an average RSL of 9.23 years. The 2007 assessment indicated an average RSL of 7.03 years. Condition assessments are performed every three years.

Fiscal year end RSL is reported at 16 years. The primary reason for this is the significant investment in new roads such as 900 west, which raised the average City-wide. The City still believes significant investment in the road system is necessary to raise the remaining service life of the other City streets.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require reporting the last three complete condition assessments and needed-to-actual information for five years. The schedule below showing the percentage of roads in each service life category only presents information as of the most recent condition assessment period.

Bridge Network

The condition of the City's bridges is determined using the Structures Inventory System to monitor the condition of the nine City-owned bridges. A number ranging from 1-100 is calculated based on condition, geometry, functional use, safety, and other factors. Three categories of condition are established, 80 to 100, 50 to 79, and 1 to 49. It is City policy to maintain bridges with an average score of 70 or better. The City's average score based on the initial condition assessment was 89. A condition assessment performed in fiscal years 2012 yielded an average score of 94. Condition assessments are performed every two years.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require reporting the last three complete condition assessments and needed-to-actual information for five years. The schedule below showing the percentage of bridges in each condition assessment category only presents information as of the most recent condition assessment period.

Subjective Condition rating of Stro		Subjective Condition Rating of Bridge network				
Percentage of network		Percentage of network				
0-6	49.23%	80 to 100	92.92%			
7-8	25.02%	50 to 79	7.08%			
9-12	15.82%	0 to 49	0.00%			
13-18	1.61%		100.00%			
19-20	8.31%					
	100.00%					
Average remaining s	service life is 16	Average score is 94				

Comparison of Needed-to Actual Costs Road Maintenance/Preservation

	 2007	2008	2009	 2010	2011	 2012	2013	 2014	2015
Needed	\$ 388,595	\$ 388,595	\$ 343,710	\$ 487,260	\$ 675,000	\$ 792	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,600,000	\$ 2,000,000
Actual	\$ 603,989	\$ 251,575	\$ 312,412	\$ 532,747	\$ 475,643	\$ 527,753	\$ 813,618	\$ 480,847	\$ 514,665

Comparison of Needed-to Actual Costs Bridge Maintenance/Preservation

		2007		2008		2009		2010	 2011	 2012	2013	 2014	2015
Needed	\$	43,177	\$	43,177	\$	381,900	\$	54,140	\$ 75,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 675,000
Actual	\$	67,110	\$	27,952	\$	347,124	\$	59,194	\$ 52,849	\$ 52,775	\$ 81,362	\$ 48,085	\$ 51,467
***Bridge	maint	enance costs	repre	sent 10% o	of the	e road main	tenano	ce costs					

AMERICAN FORK CITY General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual For Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				Va	riance with	
						Fi	nal Budget
		Original	 Final		Actual	Favorab	le (Unfavorable)
Revenues (inflows)							
Taxes	\$	12,435,200	\$ 12,435,200	\$	13,202,516	\$	767,316
License and permits		505,600	505,600		615,566		109,966
Intergovernmental		921,700	921,700		973,579		51,879
Charges for services		3,724,000	3,724,000		3,652,448		(71,552)
Other fees and services		1,694,200	1,857,200		2,025,026		167,826
Cemetery fees		115,900	115,900		194,468		78,568
Fines and forfeitures		355,400	430,500		505,283		74,783
Miscellaneous		89,000	89,000		163,107		74,107
Interest income		30,000	30,000		47,453		17,453
Total revenues		19,871,000	 20,109,100		21,379,446		1,270,346
Expenditures (outflows)							
General government		3,478,700	3,724,500		3,299,609		424,891
Public safety		7,440,300	7,440,300		7,294,729		145,571
Public improvements		2,547,000	2,696,900		2,505,941		190,959
Parks and recreation		2,227,200	2,349,400		2,191,639		157,761
Other		2,382,000	 2,397,400		2,288,467		108,933
Total expenditures		18,075,200	18,608,500		17,580,385		1,028,115
Other Financing Sources and Uses							
Transfers in		2,235,600	2,530,800		280,690		(2,250,110)
Transfers out		(4,031,400)	(4,031,400)		(4,020,222)		11,178
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses		(1,795,800)	(1,500,600)		(3,739,532)		(2,238,932)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		-	-		59,529		59,529
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,085,476	5,085,476		5,085,476		
Restated fund balance		(229,359)	(229,359)				
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,856,117	\$ 4,856,117	\$	4,915,646		

Fitness Center Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Damanas	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues General admissions	\$ 834,000	\$ 858.916	\$ 24,916
Other income	1,636,800	,	\$ 24,916 (472,810)
Interest income	700	1,163,990 559	, , ,
			(141)
Total revenues	2,471,500	2,023,465	(448,035)
Expenditures			
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	1,373,600	1,400,284	(26,684)
Supplies	124,000	136,225	(12,225)
Utilities	232,000	236,164	(4,164)
Other	741,900	643,898	98,002
Total expenditures	2,471,500	2,416,571	54,929
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(393,106)	(393,106)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	723,400	419,158	(304,242)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	723,400	26,052	(697,348)
Fund balances - beginning of year	249,343	249,343	-
Restatement of Net Position	(28,339)	(28,338)	
Fund balances - ending of year	\$ 972,743	\$ 247,057	\$ (697,348)

Schedule of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AMERICAN FORK CITY Utah Retirement Systems 31-Dec-14 Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	Noncontributory System	Public Safety System	Firefighters System	Tier 2 Public Employees System	Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.4499177 %	0.9998703 %	1.4214988 %	0.0782491 %	1.5096317 %
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,953,649	\$1,257,420	(\$81,116)	(\$2,371)	(\$22,332)
Covered employee payroll	\$3,840,242	\$1,420,345	\$369,498	\$384,271	\$624,887
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	50.9 %	88.5 %	-22.0 %	-0.6 %	-3.6 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.2 %	90.5 %	103.5 %	103.5 %	120.5 %

^{*} In accordance with paragraph 81.a of GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history of their proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in their RSI. The 10-year schedule will need to be built prospectively. The schedule above is only for the current year. Prior year numbers are available from your prior year note disclosure confirmation.

Schedule of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AMERICAN FORK CITY Utah Retirement Systems 31-Dec-14 Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	Noncontributory System	Public Safety System	Firefighters System	Tier 2 Public Employees System	Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$707,145 (\$707,145)	\$492,491 (\$492,491)	\$12,672 (\$12,672)	\$32,283 (\$32,283)	\$68,023 (\$68,023)
Covered employee payroll					
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll**	18.41%	34.67%	3.43%	8.40%	10.89%

^{*} Amounts presented were determined as of calendar year January 1 - December 31. Employers will be required to prospectively develop this table in future years to show 10- years of information. The schedule above is only for the current year. Prior year numbers are available from your prior year note disclosure confirmation.

^{**} Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For Year Ended December 31, 2014

Changes of Assumptions

If there were any changes to actuarial assumptions, they would be reported in this area.

Other information that is not required as part of RSI

This information below is not required as part of GASB 68 but is provided for informational purposes. The schedule below is a summary of the Defined Contribution Savings Plans for pay periods January 1 - December 31.

31-Dec-14

	Employee Paid	Employer Paid
	Contributions	Contributions
401 (k) Plan	\$7,698	\$15,256
457 Plan	\$0	\$0
Roth IRA Plan	\$16,240	\$0
Traditional IRA Plan	\$0	\$0
HRA Plan	\$0	\$0

^{*} The employer paid 401(k) contributions include the totals paid for employees enrolled in the Tier 2 Defined Contribution 401(k) Plan.



Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, not a part of the financial statements, but are presented for additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

Combining Financial Statements- Non-Major Governmental Funds

Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

General Fund Special Revenue Funds Debt Service Fund Capital Projects Fund Permanent Fund Proprietary Funds

Additional Schedules

Schedule of Insurance in Force

Additional Auditor's Reports

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Utah State Compliance Report based on the requirements, special tests, and provisions required by the State of Utah's Legal Compliance Guide.



Combining Financial Statements Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

American Fork Arts Council Fund – to account for the arts and cultural activities of the City. During the fiscal year 2014, the City chose to close this fund.

Downtown Redevelopment Fund – to account for small business revolving loans.

Celebration Fund- to account for the activities of Steel Days, the City's annual celebration.

Building Authority- to account for the construction of capital facilities within the City.

Redevelopment Agency- to account for revenues and expenditures related to transactions generated in the City's redevelopment agencies.

Permanent Fund

Perpetual Care Fund- to account for the funds received for the perpetual care of the cemetery.

AMERICAN FORK CITY Non-major Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Special R	Revei	nue			Pe	ermanent]	Total Nonmajor	
	PARC Tax Fund		Redevelopment Agency		Downtown Redevelopment			Celebration Committee		Building Authority		Cemetery Care		Governmental Funds	
ASSETS															
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	66,842	\$	1,733,447	\$	74,267	\$	113,713	\$	824	\$	33,057	\$	2,022,150	
Accounts receivable		139,595		-		-		-		-		1,400		140,995	
Note receivable		-		-		26,545		-		_		496,082		522,627	
Inventory		-		-		-		3,449		-		-		3,449	
Due from other funds		-		-		-		_		_		80,150		80,150	
Restricted cash		_		-		-		_		_		_		_	
Total assets	\$	206,437	\$	1,733,447	\$	100,812	\$	117,162	\$	824	\$	610,689	\$	2,769,371	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND F Liabilities: Checks outstanding in excess of deposits Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	**************************************	BALANCES - -	\$	4,375	\$	- -	\$	- 5,680	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- 10,055	
Total liabilities	\$		\$	4,375	\$	-	\$	5,680	\$	-	\$		\$	10,055	
Fund Balances: Restricted for:									•				.		
Perpetual care Redevelopment Assigned for:	\$	-	\$	1,729,072	\$	100,812	\$	-	\$	-	\$	541,967 -	\$	541,967 1,829,884	
Municipal building		-		-		-		-		824		_		824	
Special revenues		206,437		-		-		111,482		-		-		317,919	
Unassigned				-								68,722		68,722	
Total fund balances	\$	206,437	\$	1,729,072	\$	100,812	\$	111,482	\$	824	\$	610,689	\$	2,759,316	
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resource and fund balances	s 	206,437	\$	1,733,447	\$	100,812	\$	117,162	\$	824	\$	610,689	\$	2,769,371	

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Special I	Rever	nue		Permanent		Total Nonmajor		
	PA	RC Tax	Red	evelopment		wntown	Ce	lebration	Building		Cemetery		Go	vernmental
		Fund		Agency	Rede	evelopment	C	ommittee	Aut	hority		Care	Funds	
REVENUES														
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	1,296,949	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,296,949
Charges for services		-		-		-		95,486		-		42,500		137,986
Other fees, services and taxes		206,437		-		-		-		-		1,475		207,912
Interest income				21,038		1,194		-				21,633		43,865
Total revenues		206,437		1,317,987		1,194		95,486				65,608		1,686,712
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
Interest		-		87,554		-		-		-		-		87,554
Public improvements		-		1,009,325		-		-		-		-		1,009,325
Parks and recreation				_				107,721						107,721
Total expenditures				1,096,879				107,721		_		1,600		1,206,200
Excess revenues over (under)														
expenditures		206,437		221,108		1,194		(12,235)		0		64,008		480,512
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in		-		-		-		60,500		200		-		60,700
Transfers out		_		(564,000)		_		-		_		(1,707)		(565,707)
Total other financing sources and uses				(564,000)				60,500		200		(1,707)		(505,007)
Excess of revenues and other sources														
over (under) expenditures and other uses		206,437		(342,892)		1,194		48,265		200		62,301		(24,495)
Fund balances - beginning of year				2,071,964		99,618		63,217		624		548,388		2,783,811
Fund balances - end of year	\$	206,437	\$	1,729,072	\$	100,812	\$	111,482	\$	824	\$	610,689		2,759,316



General Fund

The general fund is the main operating fund of the City. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

General Fund

Balance sheet June 30, 2015

	General Fund
ASSEIS	
Petty cash	\$ 400
Cash and cash equivalents	5,800,920
Property taxes recievable	3,818,081
Sales taxes receivable	1,491,201
Receivables, net of allowance	
Intergovernmental	-
Garbage billing	4,725
Other	954,749
Other Financing source (use)	-
Inventory	 22,289
Total assets	\$ 12,092,365
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 582,842
Accrued salaries, wages, and benefits	302,543
Accrued compensated absences	317,216
Due to other funds	80,150
Performance bonds payable	2,263,676
Due to other entities	 160
Total liabilities	3,546,587
DESCRIPTION OF DESCRIPTION	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Unearned Property Taxes-levied for future years	 3,630,132
	 3,630,132
Fund Balances	
Fund balances reserved for:	
	-
Unassigned	 4,915,646
Total fund balances	 4,915,646
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances	\$ 12,092,365

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budge	ted Amounts	Variance Favorable			
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)			
Revenues			(cmavoracio)			
Taxes						
Property taxes	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 3,765,424	\$ 165,424			
Delinquent taxes	200,000	242,014	42,014			
Sales taxes	6,200,000	6,548,967	348,967			
Energy taxes	1,564,200	1,764,607	200,407			
Franchise taxes	98,000	227,625	129,625			
Motor vehicle fees	310,000	305,298	(4,702)			
Telephone tax	450,000	342,547	(107,453)			
Penalties and interest	13,000	6,034	(6,966)			
Total	12,435,200	13,202,516	767,316			
Licenses and permits						
Business licenses	120,000	136,727	16,727			
Building permits	350,000	419,818	69,818			
Other permits	35,600	59,021	23,421			
Total	505,600	615,566	109,966			
Intergovernmental revenue						
State and other grants	48,700	86,479	37,779			
Road fund allotments	840,000	855,895	15,895			
Liquor fund allotments	33,000	31,205	(1,795)			
Total	921,700	973,579	51,879			
Charges for services						
Fire protection	3,000	13,153	10,153			
Ambulance fees	1,450,000	1,345,892	(104,108)			
Sewer and Water allocation	1,068,000	1,068,000	- -			
Refuse collection/recycling	1,203,000	1,225,403	22,403			
Total	3,724,000	3,652,448	(71,552)			

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (continued)

	Budgete	Variance		
			Favorable	
-	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues (continued)				
Lease payments and other fees				
Safety contracts	\$ 417,600	\$ 484,423	\$ 66,823	
Recreation fees	373,400	377,839	4,439	
Library fees	43,500	45,046	1,546	
Library development	6,300	9,073	2,773	
Development Fees	261,400	348,259	86,859	
Senior citizens fees	170,300	187,159	16,859	
Boat harbor fees	85,000	57,036	(27,964)	
Utility late fees	31,000	45,249	14,249	
State reimbursement and rent	447,700	447,844	144	
Other Fees	21,000	23,098	2,098	
Total	1,857,200	2,025,026	167,826	
Cemetery fees				
Sale of lots	35,000	113,198	78,198	
Other Cemetery	76,000	78,150	2,150	
Grave opening fees	4,900	3,120	(1,780)	
Total	115,900	194,468	78,568	
Fines and forfeitures				
Fines	300,000	362,484	62,484	
Police reimbursement	27,600	25,217	(2,383)	
Traffic school	102,900	117,582	14,682	
Total	430,500	505,283	74,783	
Miscellaneous revenues				
Interest earnings	30,000	47,453	17,453	
Sale of surplus property and equipme	10,000	-	(10,000)	
Other revenue	79,000	163,107	84,107	
Total	119,000	210,560	91,560	
Total revenues	20,109,100	21,379,446	1,270,346	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (continued)

	Budget	Variance		
			Favorable	
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Expenditures				
General Government				
Administation	\$ 1,477,000	\$ 1,279,944	\$ 197,056	
Legislative	168,500	153,943	14,557	
Legal	466,500	365,773	100,727	
Executive	94,700	59,633	35,067	
Data processing	244,400	233,122	11,278	
Public works	238,400	235,239	3,161	
Building and grounds	1,035,000	971,953	63,047	
Total	3,724,500	3,299,607	424,893	
Public safety				
Police department	4,566,500	4,447,759	118,741	
Fire/Ambulance Dept	2,873,800	2,846,970	26,830	
Total	7,440,300	7,294,729	145,571	
Public improvements				
Engineering	544,700	537,558	7,142	
Inspection department	430,700	364,503	66,197	
Streets	1,721,500	1,603,880	117,620	
Total	2,696,900	2,505,941	190,959	
Parks and recreation				
Parks department	893,000	859,331	33,669	
Senior citizens	93,000	92,425	575	
Boat harbor	63,700	42,106	21,594	
Recreation department	596,900	576,820	20,080	
Cemetery	636,700	567,769	68,931	
Citizen Committee	66,100	53,187	12,913	
Total	2,349,400	2,191,638	157,762	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (continued)

	Budgete	Variance			
			Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
Other					
Sanitation	1,158,400	1,138,578	19,822		
Library	784,700	750,379	34,321		
Literacy Center	44,000	24,415	19,585		
Planning	335,700	322,667	13,033		
Miscellaneous	74,600	52,431	22,169		
Total	2,397,400	2,288,470	108,930		
Total expenditures	18,608,500	17,580,385	1,028,115		
Excess of revenues over expenditur	1,500,600	3,799,061	2,298,461		
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	2,530,800	280,690	(2,250,110)		
Transfers out	(4,031,400)	(4,020,222)	11,178		
Total other financing sources (uses	(1,500,600)	(3,739,532)	(2,238,932)		
Deficiency of revenues and other finan	cing				
sources over expenditures and other	cg				
financing uses	_	59,529	\$ 59,529		
indicing does		37,327	Ψ 57,527		
Fund balance at beginning of year	5,085,476	5,085,476			
Restated Fund Balance	(229,359)	(229,359)			
Fund balance at end of year					



General Fund Analysis

General Fund

Analysis of Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					2015				
		aries, Wages	S	Iaterials, upplies, fore Services	Other Charges	Eq	uipment		Total
General Government	-				 				
Administration	\$	867,176	\$	36,455	\$ 376,312	\$	-	\$	1,279,944
Council		100,477		-	53,466		-		153,943
Legal		-		-	365,773		-		365,773
Executive		20,115		-	39,518		-		59,633
Data processing		-		-	180,434		52,688		233,122
Public works		205,230		14,902	15,107		-		235,240
Building and grounds		284,346		4,990	682,617		-		971,953
Total		1,477,344		56,347	1,713,229		52,688		3,299,608
Public Safety									
Police department		3,761,200		186,145	465,991		34,423		4,447,759
Fire/Ambulance department		2,340,495		224,229	250,745		31,501		2,846,970
Total	-	6,101,695		410,374	 716,736		65,924		7,294,729
Public Improvement									
Engineering		421,528		61,377	53,908		746		537,558
Inspection department		320,360		1,071	42,002		1,070		364,503
Streets		543,272		98,725	961,883		1,070		1,603,880
Total		1,285,159		161,173	 1,057,793		1,816		2,505,941
		, ,		<u> </u>	, ,	-		-	, ,
Parks and Recreation		(10.620		56 100	160,020		15 540		950 221
Parks department Senior citizens		619,629		56,122	168,038		15,542		859,331
Boat harbor		20,272 29,248		-	72,153 12,858		-		92,425 42,106
		29,248 418,476		11,760	144,584		2,000		576,820
Recreation department Cemetery department		473,270		40,232	51,767		2,500		567,769
Citizen Committees		473,270		40,232	53,187		2,300		53,187
Total		1,560,895		108,114	 502,588		20,042		2,191,639
		1,000,000		100,111	 202,200	-	20,012	-	2,171,007
Other									
Sanitation		-		-	1,138,578		-		1,138,578
Library department		597,862		14,419	130,879		7,219		750,380
Literacy center		19,820		1,244	1,719		1,632		24,415
Planning commission		311,016		3,413	8,238		-		322,666
Miscellaneous		-		-	 52,431				52,432
Total		928,698		19,076	 1,331,844	-	8,851		2,288,470
Total Expenditures	\$	11,353,791	\$	755,085	\$ 5,322,190	\$	149,320	\$	17,580,386

General Fund

Comparative Five Year Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015	2014 2013		2012	2011	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 13,202,518	\$ 12,779,577	\$ 12,204,571	\$ 11,853,351	\$ 11,073,218	
Licenses and permits	615,566	514,042	725,491	426,757	395,073	
Intergovernmental revenue	973,579	903,488	956,816	1,016,569	1,025,270	
Charges for services	3,652,448	3,505,709	3,666,265	3,133,347	3,153,089	
Lease payments and other fees	2,025,026	1,737,258	1,723,900	862,240	933,524	
Cemetery fees	194,468	103,713	114,503	110,080	92,029	
Fines and forfeitures	505,283	296,228	337,822	844,292	940,839	
Other revenues	210,560	512,044	374,837	414,690	375,560	
Total revenues	21,379,447	20,352,059	20,104,205	18,661,326	17,988,602	
Expenditures						
General government	3,299,609	3,193,085	2,804,078	3,077,211	2,783,295	
Public safety	7,294,729	6,234,622	6,096,035	5,807,469	5,309,135	
Public improvements	2,505,941	2,229,440	2,455,295	2,211,984	2,167,217	
Sanitation	1,138,578	1,108,714	1,063,681	1,030,518	1,081,284	
Parks and recreation	2,191,639	2,006,020	1,986,064	1,893,618	1,732,385	
Library department	750,379	641,819	665,758	695,592	677,430	
Planning commision	322,667	224,491	293,267	399,593	386,555	
Learning Center	24,414	15,381	6,650	69,381	63,043	
Miscellaneous	52,432	29,900	23,118	60,011	21,282	
Total expenditures	17,580,387	15,683,471	15,393,946	15,245,377	14,221,626	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,799,060	4,668,588	4,710,259	3,415,949	3,766,976	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Net operating transfers in (out)	(3,739,531)	(4,663,146)	(2,731,625)	(3,456,405)	(4,513,497)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,739,531)	(4,663,146)	(2,731,625)	(3,456,405)	(4,513,497)	
Excess (deficiencies) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	59,529	5,442	1,978,634	(40,456)	(746,521)	
Fund balances - beginning of year	5,085,476	5,080,034	3,101,400	3,140,856	3,887,377	
Restated Fund Balance	(229,359)					
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 4,915,646	\$ 5,085,476	\$ 5,080,034	\$ 3,100,400	\$ 3,140,856	



Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are set aside for expenditure for specified purposes.

AMERICAN FORK CITY Special Revenue Funds

Combining Balance Sheet For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		PARC Tax		evelopment Agency		wntown		elebration ommittee		ilding thority		Fitness Center		Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	ď	CC 942	d.	1 722 447	¢.	74.267	d.	112.712	¢.	924	¢.	240 401	¢.	2 220 594
Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable	\$	66,842	\$	1,733,447	\$	74,267	\$	113,713	\$	824	\$	340,491	\$	2,329,584
Note receivable		-		-		26,545		-		-		-		26,545
Accounts receivable		139,595		_		20,343		_		_		-		139,595
Due from other funds		137,373		_		_		_		_		_		137,373
Prepaid expenses		_		_										_
Inventory		_		_		_		3,449		_		12,509		15,958
Special Assessments		_		-		-		-		_		-		-
Total assets	\$	206,437	\$	1,733,447	\$	100,812	\$	117,162	\$	824	\$	353,000	\$	2,511,682
LIABILITIES														
Liabilities														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	\$	4,375	\$	-	\$	5,680	\$	-	\$	61,831	\$	71,886
Accrued salaries and benefits payable		_		-		-		-		-		44,112		44,112
Total liabilities				4,375				5,680		-		105,943		115,998
Fund Balances														
Restricted for:														
Redevelopment		-		1,729,072		100,812		-		-		-		1,829,884
Assigned for:														
Municipal Building		-		-		-		-		824		-		824
Special Revenues		206,437		-		-		111,482		-		247,057		564,976
Unassigned				-						-				
Total fund balances		206,437		1,729,072		100,812		111,482		824		247,057		2,395,684
Total liabilities, deferred inflow														
of resources and fund balances	\$	206,437	\$	1,733,447	\$	100,812	\$	117,162	\$	824	\$	353,000	\$	2,511,682

AMERICAN FORK CITY Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	PARC Fund	Redevelopment Agency	Downtown Redevelopment	Celebration Committee	Building Authority	Fitness Center	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,296,949	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,296,949
Ticket sales and concessions	-	-	-	95,486	-	-	95,486
General admissions	-	-	-	-	-	858,916	858,916
Other income and taxes	206,437	-	-	-	-	1,163,990	1,370,427
Interest income		21,038	1,194			559	22,791
Total revenues	206,437	1,317,987	1,194	95,486		2,023,465	3,644,569
EXPENDITURES							
Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	136,225	136,225
Interest Expense	-	87,554	-	-	-	-	87,554
Production costs	-	-	-	107,721	-	-	107,721
Salaries and wages	-	-	-	-	-	1,400,284	1,400,284
Utilities	-	-	-	-	-	236,164	236,164
Other		1,009,325				643,898	1,653,223
Total expenditures		1,096,879		107,721	0	2,416,571	3,621,171
Excess revenues over (under)							
expenditures	206,437	221,108	1,194	(12,235)	0	(393,106)	23,398
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	60,500	200	419,158	479,858
Transfers out		(564,000)					(564,000)
Total other financing sources and uses		(564,000)		60,500	200	419,158	(84,142)
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	-	(342,892)	1,194	48,265	200	26,052	(60,744)
Fund balances - beginning of year	-	2,071,964	99,618	63,217	624	249,343	2,484,766
Fund balances - beginning of year as restated						(28,338)	(28,338)
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 206,437	\$ 1,729,072	\$ 100,812	\$ 111,482	\$ 824	\$ 247,057	\$ 2,395,684

AMERICAN FORK CITY PARC Tax

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Variance Favorable		
	Budget		 Actual	(Ur	favorable)
Revenue					
PARC Sales Tax	\$ -	-	\$ 206,437	\$	206,437
Total revenue			206,437		206,437
Expenditures					
Other	-	-	-		-
Total expenditures	-		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures			206,437		206,437
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and					
other financing sources over expenditures			206.427		207.427
and other financing uses	-	-	206,437		206,437
Fund balances - beginning of year			_		
Fund balances - ending of year	\$ -		\$ 206,437	\$	206,437

AMERICAN FORK CITY Downtown Redevelopment

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Variance		
					Fa	vorable
	E	Budget		Actual		avorable)
Revenues		_				
Other income	\$	3,900	\$	-	\$	(3,900)
Interest income		400		1,194		794
Total Revenues		4,300		1,194		(3,106)
Expenditures						
Other expenses		4,300				4,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		_		1,194		1,194
···po···aituaes				1,12		1,12
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses		-		1,194		1,194
Fund balances - beginning of year		99,618		99,618		
Fund balances - ending of year	\$	99,618	\$	100,812	\$	1,194

AMERICAN FORK CITY Celebration Committee

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Variance Favorable		
	I	Budget	Actual	(Un	favorable)	
Revenues						
Ticket sales and concessions	\$	85,400	 95,486	\$	10,086	
Expenditures						
Production costs		145,900	 107,721		38,179	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(60,500)	 (12,235)	-	(28,093)	
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		60,500	60,500		-	
		60,500	60,500		_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses		-	48,265		48,265	
Fund balances - beginning of year		63,217	 63,217			
Fund balances - ending of year	\$	63,217	\$ 111,482	\$	48,265	

AMERICAN FORK CITY Building Authority

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	B	udgeted	ts	Variance		
	Budget Actual			Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenue						
Total revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures						
Operating Expenditures		200				200
Total expenditures		200				200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(200)				200
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		200		200		
Total other financing sources		200	ī	200		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures						
and other financing uses		-		200		200
Fund balances - beginning of year		624		624		-
Fund balances - ending of year	\$	624	\$	824	\$	200

AMERICAN FORK CITY Redevelopment Agency Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual For Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Variance
			Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 1,446,300	\$ 1,296,949	\$ (149,351)
Interest income	12,000	21,038	9,038
Other	788,700		(788,700)
Total revenues	2,247,000	1,317,987	(929,013)
Expenditures			
Interest Expense	-	87,554	87,554
Public improvements	1,675,000	1,009,325	665,675
Total expenditures	1,675,000	1,096,879	753,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	572,000	221,108	(350,892)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	(572,000)	(564,000)	8,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(572,000)	(564,000)	8,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and			
other financing sources over (under)		(2.12.00.7)	(0.40.000)
expenditures and other financing uses	-	(342,892)	(342,892)
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,071,964	2,071,964	
Fund balances - ending of year	\$ 2,071,964	\$ 1,729,072	\$ (342,892)



Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

937,496

AMERICAN FORK CITY

Debt Service Fund

Balance Sheet

Period Ended June 30, 2015

	α	1.7	\mathbf{r}

Total liabilities and fund balance

Cash - checking	\$ 494,694
Cash - state treasurer's pool	 442,802
Total assets	\$ 937,496
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	
Fund balance	
Restricted for debt service	-
Unassigned	 937,496
Total fund balance	 937,496

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AMERICAN FORK CITY Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances, Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Variance Favorable
	Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues						
Interest income	\$	1,400	\$	1,665	\$	265
Expenditures						
Bond principal		1,997,800		3,622,778		(1,624,978)
Bond interest and fees		333,700		336,251		(2,551)
Other Costs		50,000		40,204		9,796
Total expenditures		2,381,500		3,999,233		(1,617,733)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(2,380,100)		(3,997,568)		(1,617,468)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Bond Proceeds		-		1,684,000		1,684,000
Transfers in		2,380,100		2,380,100		
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,380,100		4,064,100		1,684,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses		-		66,532		66,532
Fund balances - beginning of year		870,964		870,964		
Fund balances - ending of year	\$	870,964	\$	937,496	\$	66,532



Capital Projects Fund

AMERICAN FORK CITY Capital Projects Fund

Combining Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2015

ASSETS

Current assets:		
Cash - operating		1,350,108
Cash - state treasurer's pool		2,169,832
A/r Intergovernmental		196,853
Impact fees		2,924,396
Accounts Receivable		3,368
Total assets	\$	6,644,557
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Outstanding checks in excess of deposits		-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,273,868
Developer reimbursement payable		49,049
Due to other entities		-
Due to other funds		584,082
Total liabilities		1,906,999
Fund balance restricted for:		
Impact fees		2,924,396
Assigned for:		-
Capital projects		1,813,162
Total fund balance		4,737,558
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,644,557

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AMERICAN FORK CITY Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Variance	
				Favorable			
		Budget		Actual		nfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	50,000	\$	854,840	\$	804,840	
Interest		26,000		25,500		(500)	
Other income		3,219,900		85,559		(3,134,341)	
Impact fees		969,000		1,080,634		111,634	
Total revenues		4,264,900		2,046,533		(2,218,367)	
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety		504,500		502,349		2,151	
Buildings and Property		569,000		167,013		401,987	
Public works	389,500		285,197			104,303	
Parks and Recreation		400,100		363,288		36,812	
Other projects and equipment acquisitions		3,869,100		3,761,367		107,733	
Principal		279,000		278,377		623	
Interest		9,300		27,889		(18,589)	
Total expenditures		6,020,500		5,385,480		635,020	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(1,755,600)		(3,338,947)		(1,583,347)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance Lease		-		251,350		251,350	
Transfers in		2,021,000		2,059,822		38,822	
Transfers out		(265,400)		(265,400)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,755,600		2,045,772		290,172	
Net change in fund balance		-		(1,293,175)		(1,293,175)	
Fund balances		6,030,734		6,030,734			
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,030,734	\$	4,737,559	\$	(1,293,175)	



Perpetual Care Fund

The perpetual care fund is used to account for the resources that are restricted for cemetery care. The principal can only be used for cemetery care, but the earnings of the fund can be used to support other government programs.

Perpetual Care Fund

Combining Balance Sheet Period Ended June 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 33,057
Accounts receivable - net	1,400
Due from other funds	80,150
Note receivable	496,082
Total assets	\$ 610,689

Fund Balance

Total Restricted Fund Balance \$ 610,689

AMERICAN FORK CITY Perpetual Care Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						ariance avorable
	Budget Actual			(Unfavorable)		
Revenue		raaget		retuur	(011	ina vorable)
Cemetery care	\$	11,300	\$	42,500	\$	31,200
Interest income		3,400		21,633		18,233
Loan Payment-Lot Sales				1,475		1,475
Contribution from Fund Surplus		500,000		-		-
Total revenues		514,700		65,608		50,908
Expenditures						
Cemetery care		511,300		1,600		509,700
Total Expenditures		511,300		1,600		509,700
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		3,400		64,008		60,608
Other financing sources						
Transfers out		(3,400)		(1,707)		1,693
Total other financing sources		(3,400)		(1,707)		1,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses		511,300		62,301		448,999
Fund balances - beginning of year		548,388		548,388		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending of year	\$ 1	,059,688	\$	610,689	\$	448,999



Proprietary Funds

The proprietary funds are used to account for the business-like activities of the City.

Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise					
	Sewer and Water Fund	Broadband Fund	Total			
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,700,115	\$ 195,821	\$ 9,895,936			
Accounts receivable - net of allowance	1,152,162	56,040	1,208,202			
Note receivable - current portion	5,898	500,000	505,898			
Due from other funds	88,000		88,000			
Total current assets	10,946,175	751,861	11,698,036			
Noncurrent assets:						
Note receivable - long-term	447,209	-	447,209			
Net Pension Asset	504	-	504			
Capital assets						
Land	765,003	-	765,003			
Water stock	19,101,234	-	19,101,234			
Buildings and improvements	101,194,570	1,204,977	102,399,547			
Machinery and equipment	1,816,014	167,653	1,983,667			
Less: accumulated depreciation	(32,199,787)	(602,746)	(32,802,533)			
Total capital assets	91,124,747	769,884	91,447,422			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	60,910		60,910			
Total noncurrent assets	91,185,657	769,884	91,955,541			
Total assets	102,131,832	1,521,745	103,653,577			

Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets (Continued)
Period Ended June 30, 2015

DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Bonding refunding cost	525,728	-	525,728
Pension Related	97,079	13,412	110,491
Total deferred outflow of resources	622,807	13,412	636,219
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Outstanding checks in excess of deposits	-	3,166,906	3,166,906
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	693,424	640	694,064
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	38,379	5,488	43,867
Due to other entities	45,634	-	45,634
Bond interest payable	289,892	-	289,892
Long-term debt, current portion	1,380,829	-	1,380,829
Compensated absences	54,996	4,936	59,932
Total current liabilities	2,503,154	3,177,970	5,681,124
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Customer deposits	212,646	-	212,646
Net Pension Liability	414,522	56,977	471,499
Long-term debt	41,727,759	-	41,727,759
Compensated absences	30,924	3,322	34,246
Total noncurrent liabilities	42,385,851	60,299	42,446,150
Total liabilities	44,889,005	3,238,269	48,127,274
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related	59,491	8,177	67,668
Total deferred outflow of resources	59,491	8,177	67,668
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	47,926,204	769,884	48,696,088
Restricted - capital projects	60,910	-	60,910
Unrestricted	9,819,029	(2,481,173)	7,337,856
Total net position	\$ 57,806,143	\$ (1,711,289)	\$ 56,094,854

AMERICAN FORK CITY Proprietary Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Sewer and	Broadband				
	Water Fund	Fund	Total			
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$11,900,324	\$ 231,187	\$ 12,131,511			
Other operating income	777,385		777,385			
Total operating revenues	12,677,709	231,187	12,908,896			
Operating expenses:						
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	1,380,615	201,606	1,582,221			
Supplies and materials	451,720	39,974	491,694			
Professional and technical	268,642	9,605	278,247			
Depreciation and amortization	2,482,785	47,374	2,530,159			
Other	4,713,278	1,732	4,715,010			
Total operating expenses	9,297,040	300,291	9,597,331			
Operating income	3,380,669	(69,104)	3,311,565			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest revenue	7,391	998	8,389			
Grant Proceeds	251,166		251,166			
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(2,178,448)	-	(2,178,448)			
Gain on sale of assets	_	-	-			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(1,919,891)	998	(1,918,893)			
Net income (loss) before contributions						
and transfers	1,460,778	(68,106)	1,392,672			
Capital contributions	30,226	_	30,226			
Impact Fees	687,855	_	687,855			
Transfers out	(349,141)	_	(349,141)			
Total contributions and transfers	368,940		368,940			
Change in net positions	1,829,718	(68,106)	1,761,612			
Total net positions - beginning	\$55,976,425	\$ (1,643,183)	\$ 54,333,242			
Total net positions - ending	\$57,806,143	\$ (1,711,289)	\$ 56,094,854			

Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Sewer and Water	Broadband	Total BTAs				
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Receipts from customers	\$ 12,425,380	\$ 184,629	\$ 12,610,009				
Payments to suppliers	(4,982,488)	(64,138)	(5,046,626)				
Payments to employees	(1,436,335)	(214,197)	(1,650,532)				
Net cash provided (used) by							
operating activities	6,006,557	(93,706)	5,912,851				
Cash Flows From Noncapital							
Financing Activities							
Change in outstanding checks in excess of deposits		98,536	98,536				
Cash paid to other funds	(349,141)	-	(349,141)				
Cash received from other funds	=	-	=				
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	-						
financing activities	(349,141)	98,536	(250,605)				
Cash Flows From Capital and Related							
Financing Activities							
Cash received for impact fees	687,855	-	687,855				
Capital Grant	251,166	-	251,166				
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,152,981)	(5,828)	(3,158,809)				
Proceeds from bond issuance	7,396,588	-	7,396,588				
Loss on bond refunding	(525,728)	-	(525,728)				
Principal paid on capital debt	(8,027,000)	-	(8,027,000)				
Interest paid on capital debt	(2,069,068)		(2,069,068)				
Net cash provided (used) by capital							
and related financing activities	(5,439,168)	(5,828)	(5,444,996)				
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Interest and dividends received	7,391	998	8,389				
Cash collected on note receivable	-	-	-				
Net cash provided (used) by investing							
activities	7,391	998	8,389				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and							
cash equivalents	225,639		225,639				
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	9,535,386	-	9,535,386				
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 9,761,025	\$ -	\$ 9,761,025				

AMERICAN FORK CITY Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds
Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Ente					erprise Funds		
(Continued)	Sewer and Water		Broadband		To	otal BTAs		
Reconciliation of operating income to				,				
net cash provided (used) by operating								
activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,380,669		(69,104)	\$	3,311,565		
Adjustments to reconcile operating		_						
income to net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities:								
Depreciation expense		2,482,785		47,374		2,530,159		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(252,329)		-		(252,329)		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-		(46,558)		(46,558)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		389,450		(12,827)		376,623		
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits		5,854		840		6,694		
Increase (decrease) in due to other entities		8,831		-		8,831		
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(1,094)		(5,118)		(6,212)		
Increase (decrease) in deposits		52,871		-		52,871		
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(100,744)		(13,848)		(114,592)		
Increase (decrease) deferred inflows - pensions related		59,491		8,177		67,668		
Total adjustments		2,686,368		(21,960)		2,664,408		
Net cash provided (used) by								
operating activities	\$	6,067,037	\$	(91,064)	\$	5,975,973		
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities Contributions from contractors for:								
Water and Sewer Improvements	\$	(24,296)	Φ		\$	(24,296)		
Total Contributions from Contractor			Ψ					
Total Contributions from Contractor	\$	(24,296)			\$	(24,296)		
Assets aquired through long-term debt	\$		\$		\$			
Reconciliation of total cash and cash investments								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,700,115	\$	-	\$	9,700,115		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		60,910				60,910		
Total cash and cash investments	\$	9,761,025	\$		\$	9,761,025		

AMERICAN FORK CITY Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances, Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			,	Variance
			F	Favorable
	Budget	Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)
Operating Revenues	_	_		_
Water charges	\$ 6,622,600	\$ 6,191,859	\$	(430,741)
Sewer charges	5,314,000	5,708,465		394,465
Other income	 4,671,300	777,385		(3,893,915)
Total revenues	 16,607,900	 12,677,709		(3,930,191)
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	1,975,800	1,380,615		595,185
Materials and supplies	367,000	451,720		(84,720)
Utilities and telephone	5,700	7,629		(1,929)
Professional and technical	230,500	268,642		(38,142)
Timpanogos Special Service District	2,800,000	2,543,353		256,647
Water assessment fees	966,100	543,031		423,069
Other	4,684,000	1,619,265		3,064,735
Depreciation	2,635,000	2,482,785		152,215
Total operating expenses	 13,664,100	9,297,040		4,367,060
Operating income (Loss)	2,943,800	3,380,669		436,869
Non-operating income (expense)				
Interest income	8,600	7,391		(1,209)
	310,000	251,166		(1,209)
Intergovernmental Grant Bond interest expense	(2,067,900)	(2,178,448)		(110.549)
Bond principal payments	(1,282,000)	(2,170,440)		(110,548) 1,282,000
	 	 (1.010.901)		
Total non-operating income (expense)	 (3,031,300)	(1,919,891)		1,170,243
Income before contributions and transfers	 (87,500)	 1,460,778		1,607,112
Contributions and transfers				
Capital contributions	-	30,226		30,226
Impact fees	497,100	687,855		190,755
Transfers in		-		-
Transfers out	(409,600)	(349,141)		60,459
Total contributions and transfers	 87,500	368,940		281,440
Change in net positions	 -	 1,829,718		1,829,718
Net positions - beginning	55,976,425	55,976,425		-
Net positions - ending	\$ 55,976,425	\$ 57,806,143	\$	1,829,718

AMERICAN FORK CITY Broadband Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes Fund Balances, Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

						Variance
						Favorable
	Budget Actual			(Unfavorable)		
Operating Revenues						
Internet fees	\$	116,600	\$	231,187	\$	114,587
Connection fees		-		-		-
Other income		1,320,000				(1,320,000)
Total revenues		1,436,600		231,187		(1,205,413)
Operating Expenses						
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		215,400		201,606		13,794
Materials and supplies		5,900		4,832		1,068
Utilities		3,000		1,732		1,268
Other		1,146,500		35,142		1,111,358
Professional and technical		15,000		9,605		5,395
Depreciation		50,800		47,374		3,426
Total operating expenses		1,436,600		300,291		1,136,309
Operating income (loss)		-		(69,104)		(69,104)
Non-operating income (expense)						
Interest income				998		998
Total non-operating income (expense)				998		998
Change in net position		-		(68,106)		(68,106)
Net position - beginning		(1,643,183)		(1,643,183)		
Net position - ending	\$	(1,643,183)	\$	(1,711,289)	\$	(68,106)



Additional Auditors' Reports

These additional reports are required by *Governmental Auditing Standards* and the Utah State Auditor's Office, respectively.



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council American Fork City American Fork, Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of American Fork City (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2015

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the American Fork City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control which might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests

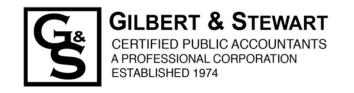
disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report in an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART, CPA PC December 12, 2015



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE ON: COMPLIANCE WITH GENERAL STATE COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS COMPLIANCE FOR

EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM, INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council American Fork City, Utah

Report on Compliance with General State Compliance requirements and for Each Major State Program

We have audited American Fork City's (the City) compliance with applicable general state and major state program compliance requirements described in the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the Utah State Auditor, that could have a direct and material effect on the City or each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

General state compliance requirements were tested for the year ended June 30, 2015 in the following areas:

Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Utah Retirement Systems
Tax Levy Revenue Recognition
Restricted Tax
Open and Public Meetings
Gramma
Conflicts of Interest
General Compliance

The City received state funding from the following programs classified as major programs for the year ended June 30, 2015:

B&C Road Funds (Department of Transportation) 900 West Funding

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the general state requirements referred to above and the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *State Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the City and its major state programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on General State Compliance Requirements and Each Major State Program

In our opinion, American Fork City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the City or on its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report of Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the City or on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with general state compliance requirements and for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a general state or major state program compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a general state or major state program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a general state or major state program compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the State Compliance Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards as Required by the State Compliance Audit Guide

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the *State Compliance Audit Guide* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of state awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants December 12, 2015



Statistical Section

The statistical section of a government's comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) is the principal source of information regarding a government's economic condition.

The statistical section of the CAFR is designed to meet five objectives: 1) provide information on financial trends, 2) provide information on revenue capacity, 3) provide information on debt capacity, 4) provide demographic and economic information, and 5) provide operating information.

AMERICAN FORK CITYGeneral Property Tax Levies and Collections

						Percentage of	Percentage of
	Total				C	Current Collection	Total Collections
Year End	Taxes	Current	De	linquent	Total	To Total Taxes	to Total Taxes
12/31	Assessed	Collections	Co	llections	Collected	Assessed	Assessed
2014	\$ 4,265,081	\$ 3,984,334	\$	239,870	\$ 4,224,204	93.4%	99.0%
2013	3,896,614	3,663,388		344,897	4,008,285	94.0%	100.0%
2012	3,851,323	3,557,369		275,600	3,832,969	90.8%	99.5%
2011	3,834,742	3,611,168		356,267	3,967,435	90.8%	100.0%
2010	3,744,381	3,398,338		203,333	3,601,671	90.8%	96.2%
2009	3,671,706	3,313,576		178,726	3,492,302	90.3%	95.1%
2008	3,576,173	3,286,524		183,639	3,470,163	91.9%	97.0%
2007	3,086,682	2,846,771		175,515	3,022,286	92.2%	97.9%
2006	2,937,118	2,744,307		178,422	2,922,729	93.4%	99.5%
2005	2,136,675	1,981,991		115,718	2,103,450	92.8%	98.4%
2004	2,044,935	1,899,077		116,119	2,022,740	92.9%	98.9%
2003	1,980,106	1,838,706		159,447	2,066,141	92.9%	100.0%
2002	1,875,014	1,645,261		163,205	1,814,164	87.7%	96.8%
2001	1,579,871	1,421,326		133,070	1,554,396	90.0%	98.4%
2000	1,532,992	1,386,417		118,486	1,504,903	90.4%	98.2%
1999	1,406,330	1,280,964		76,587	1,357,551	91.1%	96.5%
1998	1,314,776	1,216,895		53,855	1,270,750	92.6%	96.7%
1997	1,220,141	1,127,891		39,714	1,167,605	92.4%	95.7%
1996	1,114,771	1,064,158		41,840	1,105,998	95.5%	99.2%
1995	1,027,826	996,756		35,611	1,032,367	97.0%	100.0%
1994	1,003,865	952,345		31,294	983,639	94.9%	98.0%
1993	897,267	838,620		28,591	867,211	96.1%	96.7%
1992	847,042	806,533		29,688	836,221	95.2%	98.7%
1991	769,240	730,086		28,230	758,319	94.9%	98.6%
1990	729,987	683,291		41,832	725,123	93.6%	99.3%
1989	729,944	681,276		46,172	727,448	93.3%	99.7%
1988	728,819	650,374		37,328	687,702	89.2%	94.4%
1987	738,066	657,797		49,324	707,121	89.1%	95.8%
1986	711,782	633,373		42,597	675,970	89.0%	95.0%
1985	689,701	614,114		53,239	667,353	89.0%	96.8%
1984	586,759	524,010		32,159	556,169	89.3%	94.8%

Source: Utah County Treasurer's Office

Note: If total collections for year (including collections in subsequent years) are over 100% of levy,

[&]quot; percentage of levy" has been rounded to 100%

Net Assets by Component

Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 44.714.801	\$ 49,121,818	\$ 56,355,612	\$ 54,937,813	\$ 56,223,597	\$ 57,444,244	\$ 63,582,936	\$ 68,037,854	\$ 71,127,403	\$ 77,235,965
Restricted	957,335	1,306,143	1,466,818	1,927,465	1,507,322	1,104,029	750,241	5,506,968	5,183,412	5,296,247
Unrestricted	2,750,596	7,753,316	5,082,933	9,823,894	11,037,290	11,397,457	10,709,268	8,920,178	9,904,569	5,851,287
Total government activities net assets	48,422,732	58,181,277	62,905,363	66,689,172	68,768,209	69,945,730	75,042,445	82,465,000	86,215,384	88,383,499
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	28,236,523	29,045,387	29,413,419	30,371,865	24,982,222	41,068,585	41,371,052	45,269,062	47,049,142	49,189,918
Restricted	342,458	509,729	44,676,742	19,792,271	780,940	688,409	366,150	450,740	320,639	60,910
Unrestricted	16,402,993	18,985,297	(23,165,904)	118,029	24,844,906	9,026,278	8,888,759	6,099,071	7,493,681	6,844,026
Total business-type activities net assets	44,981,974	48,540,413	50,924,257	50,282,165	50,608,068	50,783,272	50,625,961	51,818,873	54,863,462	56,094,854
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	72,951,324	78,167,205	85,769,031	85,309,678	81,205,819	98,512,829	104,953,988	113,306,916	118,176,545	126,425,883
Restricted	1,299,793	1,815,872	46,143,560	21,719,736	2,288,262	1,792,438	1,116,391	5,957,708	5,504,051	5,357,157
Unrestricted	19,153,589	26,738,613	(18,082,971)	9,941,923	35,882,196	20,423,735	19,598,027	15,019,249	17,398,250	12,695,313
Total primary government net assets	\$ 93,404,706	\$ 106,721,690	\$ 113,829,620	\$ 116,971,337	\$ 119,376,277	\$ 120,729,002	\$ 125,668,406	\$ 134,283,873	\$ 141,078,846	\$ 144,478,353

Changes in Net Position

Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
-	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	2015
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,528,811	\$ 1,219,973	\$ 2,879,228	\$ 3,076,279	\$ 2,788,774	\$ 3,055,046	\$ 3,295,300	\$ 2,890,554	\$ 3,159,806	\$ 3,246,024
Public safety	3,870,707	4,854,730	5,006,464	5,458,011	5,086,498	5,557,713	5,941,973	6,253,368	6,595,672	7,307,342
Public improvements	837,327	2,173,921	2,387,601	3,141,512	3,644,624	4,498,409	2,675,512	2,942,688	3,815,687	4,091,567
Parks and recreation	2,561,160	2,732,048	3,634,641	2,933,637	3,773,652	3,779,536	3,844,036	3,658,139	4,595,149	4,821,504
Other	3,138,093	3,319,258	2,972,697	3,399,805	2,673,129	2,856,238	3,012,007	3,439,593	2,126,310	2,286,097
Interest on long-term debt	1,319,465	1,404,864	1,097,556	1,058,356	1,023,842	843,567	707,453	570,466	463,498	420,068
Total governmental activities expense	14,255,563	15,704,794	17,978,187	19,067,600	18,990,519	20,590,509	19,476,281	19,754,808	20,756,122	22,172,602
Business-type activities										
Water and sewer	4,206,632	4,157,446	5,345,574	6,750,678	8,493,299	10,771,893	10,409,632	11,136,987	11,385,465	11,475,488
Broadband	1,043,739	1,226,210	1,128,852	822,148	697,509	627,666	526,548	456,574	313,049	300,291
Total business-type activities expense	5,250,371	5,383,656	6,474,426	7,572,826	9,190,808	11,399,559	10,936,180	11,593,561	11,698,514	11,775,779
Total primary government expenses	19,505,934	21,088,450	45,231,202	26,640,426	28,181,327	31,990,068	30,412,461	31,348,369	32,454,636	33,948,381
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Fees, Fines and Charges for Services										
General government	1,619,267	1,561,041	1,518,367	2,120,754	2,113,141	2,359,828	2,391,351	2,930,625	2,826,086	2,842,021
Public safety	1,508,108	1,691,651	1,838,491	1,157,813	1,145,352	1,553,995	1,466,218	1,829,863	1,657,404	1,916,989
Public improvements	228,462	198,758	139,503	358,266	=	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	1,318,843	1,653,039	1,905,539	2,342,928	2,229,031	2,146,883	2,224,513	2,676,950	2,580,805	3,088,685
Other	263,349	266,686	271,956	1,121,370	1,388,158	1,418,492	1,444,883	1,341,281	1,353,946	1,516,490
Operating grants and contributions	784,526	926,961	930,616	825,598	867,489	1,025,270	1,016,569	956,816	903,488	973,579
Capital grants and contributions	1,375,695	4,489,786	1,532,680	790,347	1,119,793	720,047	2,603,074	3,792,164	726,306	2,053,979
Total governmental activities programs revenues	7,098,250	10,787,922	8,137,152	8,717,076	8,862,964	9,224,515	11,146,608	13,527,699	10,048,035	12,391,743
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and Sewer	5,779,771	6,207,995	6,865,816	6,392,850	8,287,361	9,875,728	10,186,324	10,496,252	13,406,241	12,677,709
Broadband	805,661	438,431	558,783	193,480	195,572	258,309	187,345	233,974	217,380	231,187
Capital grants and contributions	3,860,878	3,309,045	2,111,484	47,170	325,838	1,500,194	465,969	1,536,480	563,106	969,247
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,446,310	9,955,471	9,536,083	6,633,500	8,808,771	11,634,231	10,839,638	12,266,706	14,186,727	13,878,143
Total primary governmental program revenues	\$ 17,544,560	\$ 20,743,393	\$ 17,673,235	\$ 15,350,576	\$ 17,671,735	\$ 20,858,746	\$ 21,986,246	\$ 25,794,405	\$ 24,234,762	\$ 26,269,886

Changes in Net Position (Continued) Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (7,157,314)	\$ (4,916,872)	\$ (9,841,036)	\$ (10,350,524)	\$ (10,127,555)	\$ (11,365,994)	\$ (8,329,674)	\$ (6,227,109)	\$ (10,701,622)	\$ (9,780,859)
Business-type activities	5,195,939	4,571,816	3,061,657	(939,326)	(382,037)	234,672	(96,542)	673,145	2,488,213	2,102,364
Total primary government net expense	(1,961,375)	(345,056)	(6,779,379)	(11,289,850)	(10,509,592)	(11,131,322)	(8,426,216)	(5,553,964)	(8,213,409)	(7,678,495)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Advalorem	3,252,007	4,234,198	4,247,794	5,164,096	5,269,656	5,290,281	5,673,259	5,497,187	5,606,622	5,833,877
Sales	4,810,204	5,755,237	6,041,850	5,406,026	4,935,413	5,095,374	5,534,281	5,910,616	6,235,351	6,548,967
Energy sales and use tax	1,257,056	1,153,990	1,314,569	1,354,933	1,421,454	1,390,990	1,443,249	1,564,161	1,660,027	1,764,609
Franchise	518,352	590,746	587,619	617,639	615,502	539,928	552,085	528,945	515,903	570,172
Interest income	611,079	706,141	648,178	335,917	106,389	89,923	111,844	93,645	34,178	119,041
Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital assets	(152)	83,058	12,000	(17,597)	77,678	38,919	(9,430)	-	83,532	(18,270)
Miscellaneous	826,216	991,045	552,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	1,190,267	1,161,000	1,161,000	(308,200)	(219,400)	98,000	121,100	124,900	322,858	349,141
Total governmental activities	12,465,029	14,675,415	14,565,121	12,552,814	12,206,692	12,543,415	13,426,388	13,719,454	14,458,471	15,167,537
Business-type activities:										
Interest income	113,871	147,622	483,187	109,035	120,607	38,530	60,331	62,392	47,249	8,389
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-		-	367,933	-	-	582,274	831,983	-
Transfers	(1,190,267)	(1,161,000)	(1,161,000)	308,200	219,400	(98,000)	(121,100)	(124,900)	(322,858)	(349,141)
Total business-type activities	(1,076,396)	(1,013,378)	(677,813)	417,235	707,940	(59,470)	(60,769)	519,766	556,374	(340,752)
Total primary government	11,388,633	13,662,037	13,887,308	12,970,049	12,914,632	12,483,945	13,365,619	14,239,220	15,014,845	14,826,785
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	5,307,715	9,758,543	4,724,085	2,202,290	2,079,137	1,177,421	5,096,714	7,492,345	3,756,849	5,386,678
	3,307,713 4,119,543	9,738,343 3,558,438	2,383,844	(522,091)	325,903	1,177,421	(157,311)	1,192,911	3,044,587	1,761,612
Business-type activities Total primary government				\$ 1,680,199					\$ 6,801,436	\$ 7,148,290
Total primary government	\$ 9,427,258	\$ 13,316,981	\$ 7,107,929	\$ 1,080,199	\$ 2,405,040	\$ 1,352,623	\$ 4,939,403	\$ 8,685,256	\$ 0,801,430	\$ 7,148,290

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

_					Fiscal Ye	ear							
	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009		2010		2011	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Fund													
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,420	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unassigned	 1,574,127	2,220,613	2,350,589	2,474,680	3,653,921		3,887,377		3,140,856	3,101,400	 5,080,031	5,085,473	4,915,646
Total general fund	\$ 1,574,127	\$ 2,220,613	\$ 2,350,589	\$ 2,474,680	\$ 3,823,341	\$	3,887,377	\$	3,140,856	\$ 3,101,400	\$ 5,080,031	\$ 5,085,473	\$ 4,915,646
		 						_					
All Other Governmental Funds													
Restricted	\$ 7,356,098	\$ 4,111,206	\$ 4,597,509	\$ 5,453,366	\$ 5,065,281	\$	5,501,891	\$	3,598,813	\$ 4,246,766	\$ -	\$ 5,183,412	\$ 5,296,247
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-		-						
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	-	-		-		117,122	209,416	192,162	312,560	564,976
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-		-		5,227,300	3,305,204	5,537,119	3,560,872	1,813,162
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-	-	-		-		700,281	770,000	793,825	870,964	937,496
Non-Major Funds	-	-	-	-	-		-		114,466	89,373	2,886,525	624	824
Unassigned reported in:													
Special Revenue Funds	1,508,890	1,759,503	1,831,379	1,917,834	2,268,119		2,269,405		-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service Funds	586,154	660,744	658,504	690,420	669,170		670,268		-	-	-	-	-
Non-Major Funds	425,695	446,662	463,019	483,410	504,145		517,479		-	_	_	6,421	68,722
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 9,876,837	\$ 6,978,115	\$ 7,550,411	\$ 8,545,030	\$ 8,506,715	\$	8,959,043	\$	9,757,982	\$ 8,620,759	\$ 9,409,631	\$ 9,934,853	\$ 8,681,427

Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	r				
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	2015
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 9,837,618	\$ 11,734,171	\$ 12,191,832	\$ 12,347,622	\$ 12,103,638	\$ 12,462,621	\$ 13,149,836	\$ 13,532,623	\$ 14,089,752	\$ 14,499,467
Licenses, fees, and permits	670,562	556,086	462,946	241,239	246,687	395,073	426,757	725,491	514,042	615,566
Intergovernmental	789,076	927,211	940,116	811,147	867,489	1,025,270	2,701,902	2,793,857	903,488	1,828,419
Charges for services	1,478,382	1,577,596	1,771,468	2,782,303	2,878,105	3,349,109	3,336,093	3,862,975	3,585,168	3,790,434
Other fees and services	1,462,198	1,762,935	1,912,291	2,651,013	2,651,729	2,534,847	2,563,588	3,533,816	3,581,875	4,450,310
Fines and forfeitures	716,101	850,084	891,844	882,910	935,238	940,839	844,292	337,822	296,228	505,283
Interest income	611,079	706,141	648,178	335,917	285,892	89,923	111,844	93,645	83,533	119,042
Miscellaneous	1,450,711	1,698,327	1,189,918	569,260	807,076	1,054,168	1,274,031	2,250,978	1,177,311	1,329,301
Total Revenues	\$ 17,015,727	\$ 19,812,551	\$ 20,008,593	\$ 20,621,411	\$ 20,775,854	\$ 21,851,850	\$ 24,408,343	\$ 27,131,207	\$ 24,231,397	\$ 27,137,822
Expenditures										
General government	2,196,983	2,401,722	2,761,585	2,680,292	2,548,763	2,783,295	3,077,211	2,804,075	3,193,087	3,299,610
Public safety	3,442,318	3,913,139	4,209,233	4,643,140	4,752,452	5,309,135	5,807,469	6,096,035	6,234,622	7,294,729
Public improvements	1,661,359	2,153,445	2,113,378	2,290,561	2,914,270	3,263,774	2,389,844	3,059,266	3,186,887	3,515,264
Parks and Recreation	2,286,158	2,683,034	3,257,309	3,434,719	3,295,999	3,308,963	3,494,917	4,341,405	4,211,446	4,715,931
Other	1,968,734	2,156,931	2,604,969	2,510,765	2,509,787	2,733,750	2,846,528	2,052,477	2,023,758	2,330,273
Debt service										
Principal	2,401,000	2,324,000	2,407,572	2,118,000	2,143,000	2,222,000	5,896,613	2,264,709	2,123,297	3,901,155
Interest	1,309,229	1,223,904	1,124,990	1,026,699	1,099,881	858,174	809,761	582,523	468,297	451,694
Other								30,322	41,103	-
Capital outlay	6,038,139	3,411,560	1,508,761	1,850,207	805,940	1,851,798	3,810,830	4,351,615	2,787,682	5,079,214
Total expenditures	\$ 21,303,920	\$ 20,267,735	\$ 19,987,797	\$ 20,554,383	\$ 20,070,092	\$ 22,330,889	\$ 28,133,173	\$ 25,582,427	\$ 24,270,179	\$ 30,587,870
Excess of revenues										
over (under)										
expenditures	\$ (4,288,193)	\$ (455,184)	\$ 20,796	\$ 67,028	\$ 705,762	\$ (479,039)	\$ (3,724,830)	\$ 1,548,780	\$ (38,782)	\$ (3,450,048)

$Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance,\ Governmental\ Funds\ ({\it Coninued})$

Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

						F	Fiscal Year					
	2006		<u>2007</u>	2008	2009		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>	2015
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Proceeds from debt Proceeds of refunding bonds Payment to bond refunding escrow	\$ 903	,095 - -	\$ 63,478	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 433,460 6,302,017 (6,204,017)	\$ 777,051 1,650,000	\$ 1,092,000 1,517,000 (1,515,178)	\$ 199,684 3,393,000 (3,346,100)	\$ 251,350 1,684,400
Transfers in Transfers out	3,931 (2,798		8,496,146 (7,402,168)	7,650,997 (6,553,083)	5,691,260 (5,999,460)		5,878,699 (6,098,099)	-	6,865,814 (6,744,714)	3,835,875 (3,710,975)	61,561,192 (5,833,336)	5,200,470 (4,851,329)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,035	,956	1,157,456	 1,097,914	 (308,200)		(219,400)	 531,460	 2,548,151	 1,218,722	 55,974,440	 2,284,891
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,252	,237)	\$ 702,272	\$ 1,118,710	\$ (241,172)	\$	486,362	\$ 52,421	\$ (1,176,679)	\$ 2,767,502	\$ 55,935,658	\$ (1,165,157)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	2	4.3%	21.0%	19.1%	16.8%		16.8%	15.0%	27.6%	13.4%	12.1%	17.1%

^{***}Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditure uses capitalized outlay amount in the reconciliation of government-wide activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance in the formula.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Assessed	Residential Property	Со	mmerical and Industrial Property	gricultural Property	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	 timated Actual	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2006	\$ 574,692,439	\$	423,463,368	\$ 14,613,139	\$ 1,012,768,946	0.003083	\$ 754,157,348	0.745
2007	701,447,907		443,687,345	14,712,287	1,159,847,539	0.002213	844,195,981	0.728
2008	926,368,668		530,544,958	13,605,654	1,470,519,280	0.002426	1,053,653,379	0.717
2009	930,608,004		641,112,237	14,358,487	1,586,078,728	0.002423	1,167,305,126	0.736
2010	835,300,357		812,736,169	5,040,067	1,653,076,593	0.002630	1,277,191,432	0.773
2011	800,214,557		755,695,968	2,849,791	1,558,760,316	0.002794	1,198,663,765	0.769
2012	777,929,770		712,426,278	3,486,865	1,493,842,913	0.002812	1,143,774,517	0.766
2013	740,688,571		668,162,214	80,519,369	1,489,370,154	0.002750	1,156,060,297	0.776
2014	769,590,106		682,494,650	77,760,174	1,529,844,930	0.002540	1,183,529,382	0.774
2015	872,674,743		722,415,578	77,261,505	1,672,351,826	0.002362	1,279,648,192	0.765

Source: Utah State Tax Commission - Property Tax Division, Utah County Assessor's Office

Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Ten Fiscal Years (Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City Dire	ct Rates	Overlapping Rates								
		Total		Central Ut. Water	Alpine	State Assessing	County	North Utah Co. Water			
Fiscal	City	Direct	Utah	Con.	School	and	Asessing and	Conserv.			
Year	Rates	Rate	County	District	District	Collecting	Collecting	District			
2006	3.083000	3.083000	1.079	0.357	6.883	0.139	0.044	0.028			
2007	2.213000	2.213000	0.843	0.302	6.937	0.121	0.036	0.022			
2008	2.426000	2.426000	0.809	0.286	7.057	0.121	0.175	0.022			
2009	2.423000	2.423000	0.878	0.400	7.541	0.142	0.183	0.024			
2010	2.630000	2.630000	1.108	0.421	8.220	0.162	0.024	0.026			
2011	2.794000	2.794000	1.143	0.436	8.812	0.172	0.114	0.027			
2012	2.812000	2.812000	1.127	0.455	8.828	0.168	0.029	0.029			
2013	2.750000	2.750000	1.006	0.446	8.699	0.158	0.095	0.028			
2014	2.540000	2.540000	0.220	0.422	8.096	0.013	0.916	0.025			
2015	2.362000	2.362000	0.870	0.405	8.177	0.012	0.216	0.024			

AMERICAN FORK CITY Principal Property Tax Payers

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2014				2004				
Taxpayer	Taxa	ble Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxa	ble Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Wal-mart Real Estate	\$	17,173,600	1	0.79%					
Pacificorp		15,362,473	2	0.71%					
AFCC II LLC		10,703,100	3	0.49%					
Questar Gas		10,613,626	4	0.49%					
American Fork Medical Investment		10,535,100	5	0.48%					
AFCC Limited		9,709,100	6	0.45%					
C&R North Pointe Building "C" LLC		9,687,700	7	0.44%					
HD Development of Maryland Inc		8,537,000	8	0.39%					
C&R North Pointe Building "E" LLC		8,480,700	9	0.39%					
Targer Corporation		8,456,200	10	0.39%					
AFCC Limited					\$	14,638,419	1	0.21%	
Qwest Corp FKA US West Comm						12,559,419	2	0.18%	
Wal-Mart Real Estate						9,657,600	3	0.14%	
Pacificorp						8,857,340	4	0.13%	
TL Acquisition Corp						8,411,647	5	0.12%	
Home Depot USA Inc						6,982,047	6	0.10%	
Target Corporation						6,395,312	7	0.09%	
Progression LLC						5,810,200	8	0.08%	
Wal Mart Realty						5,209,138	9	0.07%	
Tropical Development LLC						5,200,000	10	0.07%	
Total	\$	109,258,599		5.02%	\$	83,721,122		1.20%	

Source: Utah County Assessors Office

Property Taxes Levied and Collections

Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal Year

Total Collections to Data

		of the Le	evy		Total Collectio	ions to Date	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Levied for the Fiscal Year	Current Collections	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections	Percentage of Levy	
2006	2,136,675	1,981,991	92.76%	115,718	2,097,709	98.18%	
2007	2,937,118	2,744,307	93.44%	178,422	2,922,729	99.51%	
2008	3,057,731	2,846,771	93.10%	175,515	3,022,286	98.84%	
2009	3,590,073	3,286,524	91.54%	183,639	3,470,163	96.66%	
2010	3,671,498	3,313,576	90.25%	178,726	3,492,302	95.12%	
2011	3,757,932	3,398,338	90.43%	203,333	3,601,671	95.84%	
2012	3,846,022	3,611,168	93.89%	356,267	3,967,435	100.00%	
2013	3,851,323	3,557,369	92.37%	288,341	3,845,710	99.85%	
2014	3,896,614	3,663,388	94.01%	360,390	4,023,778	100.00%	
2015	4,265,081	3,984,334	93.42%	249,547	4,233,881	99.27%	

Source: Utah County Treasurer's Office

Note: If total collections for year (including collections in subsequent years) are over 100% of levy,

[&]quot; percentage of levy" has been rounded to 100%

Taxable Sales by Category

Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Retail/Grocery	\$207,241	\$209,356	\$289,106	\$273,346	\$176,167	\$170,167	\$201,672	\$339,464	\$233,266	\$340,458
Retail/Other	1,560,940	1,761,845	2,064,327	1,948,562	1,572,752	1,594,982	1,700,798	1,837,090	1,891,148	2,079,944
Utility/Communication	285,333	314,499	369,300	498,779	395,471	404,294	398,162	433,668	482,345	522,747
Auto dealers, recretional retail & supplies	1,552,186	1,882,881	1,760,534	1,326,959	1,226,503	1,380,112	1,639,720	1,863,039	2,086,476	2,302,256
Auto repair and maintenance	70,599	56,246	67,439	66,405	56,595	56,982	86,397	97,746	92,595	106,652
Clothing retail	248,421	325,842	374,753	364,479	362,480	382,202	404,977	410,075	458,386	283,241
Eating & drinking establishments	431,051	509,587	550,787	575,565	595,826	626,293	692,444	702,486	766,549	805,768
Home furnishings and appliances	13,506	21,127	13,691	15,253	13,154	19,268	22,496	25,105	31,486	31,618
Health services and supplies	22,266	25,228	26,736	112,036	34,810	52,661	50,127	56,063	79,411	72,299
Service stations & car washes	81,379	97,482	93,598	74,787	70,559	81,527	212,491	167,078	139,970	116,428
Hair care & dry cleaning	21,948	24,805	36,071	34,341	35,365	35,366	38,901	39,960	46,933	59,267
Photography, floral art, cultural and hobby	72,738	80,950	104,757	86,133	76,216	96,699	131,854	155,997	161,884	164,799
Fitness and entertainment	148,419	173,111	203,193	134,557	191,471	163,365	203,564	203,935	227,074	253,559
Construction and home improvement	472,595	676,348	591,849	524,143	438,657	424,525	460,778	648,272	686,894	774,980
All other outlets	225,360	262,524	349,331	371,363	414,688	681,167	506,599	444,840	449,489	557,182
Utah State Tax- Motor Vehicle	58,127	77,566	64,000	65,945	60,156	50,631	62,204	63,060	65,528	81,762
Totals	\$5,472,109	\$6,499,397	\$6,959,472	\$6,472,653	\$5,720,870	\$6,220,241	\$6,813,184	\$7,487,878	\$7,899,434	\$8,552,960
										
City direct sales tax rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Notes: Sales tax generated in American Fork City

All sales tax amounts reported here are shown on a cash-basis.

Sales tax shown here is reported on a POS (point of sale) basis; actual cash distributions will differ due to the distribution formula utilized by the State.

AMERICAN FORK CITY Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates

Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	American Fork City Direct Rate	Utah County	State of Utah	Mass Transit Tax	PARC Tax
2006	1.00%	0.25%	4.75%	0.25%	-
2007	1.00%	0.25%	4.75%	0.50%	-
2008	1.00%	0.25%	4.65%	0.55%	-
2009	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	-
2010	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	-
2011	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	-
2012	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	-
2013	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	-
2014	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	-
2015	1.00%	0.25%	4.70%	0.80%	0.10%

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission http://www.tax.utah.gov/sales/rates.html

Sales Tax Payers by Industry

Fiscal Years 2005 and 2015

		Fiscal	Year 2005		Fiscal Year 2015			
	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Revenue	Percentage of Total	Number of Filers	Percentage of Total	Tax Revenue	Percentage of Total
Retail/Grocery	10	1.40%	\$228,284	4.86%	52	1.70%	\$340,458	3.98%
Retail/Other	55	7.69%	1,365,407	29.08%	260	8.48%	2,079,944	24.32%
Utility/Communication	70	9.79%	244,001	5.20%	149	4.86%	522,747	6.11%
Auto dealers, recretional retail & supplies	36	5.03%	1,382,605	29.45%	87	2.84%	2,302,256	26.92%
Auto repair and maintenance	31	4.34%	42,331	0.90%	44	1.43%	106,652	1.25%
Clothing retail	12	1.68%	143,299	3.05%	180	5.87%	283,241	3.31%
Eating & drinking establishments	61	8.53%	311,857	6.64%	102	3.33%	805,768	9.42%
Home furnishings and appliances	3	0.42%	8,041	0.17%	51	1.66%	31,618	0.37%
Health services	39	5.45%	32,691	0.70%	239	7.79%	72,299	0.85%
Service stations & car washes	14	1.96%	79,010	1.68%	12	0.39%	116,428	1.36%
Hair care & dry cleaning	33	4.62%	16,731	0.36%	87	2.84%	59,267	0.69%
Photo, floral art, cultural and hobby	45	6.29%	59,425	1.27%	67	2.18%	164,799	1.93%
Fitness and entertainment	41	5.73%	126,596	2.70%	118	3.85%	253,559	2.96%
All other outlets	248	34.69%	174,091	3.71%	1499	48.88%	557,182	6.51%
Construction, home improvement	16	2.24%	418,919	8.92%	119	3.88%	774,980	9.06%
Utah State Tax - Motor Vehicle	1	0.14%	61,286	1.31%	1	0.03%	81,762	0.96%
Total	715	100.00%	\$4,694,574	100.00%	3067	100.00%	\$8,552,960	100.00%

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of American Fork City's revenue.

All sales tax amounts reported here are shown on a cash-basis, POS (point of sale). Actual cash distributions will differ due to the distribution formula utilized by the State.

Charges for Water Fees

Ten Fiscal Years

	 Fiscal Year																
	<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>		<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Water Sales	\$ 1,905,391	\$	2,260,759	\$	2,372,378	\$	2,550,846	\$	2,974,057	\$	2,504,513	\$	3,253,086	\$	4,445,394	\$ 3,758,305	\$ 3,896,571
Secondary Water	-		-		46,689		188,141		958,048		1,505,077		-		1,673,190	2,147,205	2,295,288
Other	 75,359		142,276		390,295		57,385		120,567		97,845		1,618,384		610,819	1,344,831	 609,834
Totals	\$ 1,980,750	\$	2,403,035	\$	2,809,364	\$	2,796,372	\$	4,052,672	\$	4,107,435	\$	4,871,470	\$	6,729,403	\$ 7,250,341	\$ 6,801,693

Source: American Fork City

Note: Other includes: Other fees, Hook-up fees, Late fees

AMERICAN FORK CITY

Charges for Sewer and Storm Drain

Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year																
	<u>2006</u> <u>2007</u> <u>2008</u>			<u>2009</u>		<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Sewer Sales Storm Drain Fees Other	\$	2,253,234 340,612 159,821	\$	2,324,741 422,614 143,862	\$	2,391,085 481,005 129,587	\$	2,426,065 546,283 51,278	\$	2,846,165 546,647 76,234	\$	4,319,004 725,766 78,172	\$	4,374,784 832,290 74,563	\$	4,468,923 868,732 102,384	\$ 4,524,695 976,958 139,968	\$ 4,620,284 1,088,181 131,060
Totals	\$	2,753,667	\$	2,891,217	\$	3,001,679	\$	3,023,626	\$	3,469,046	\$	5,122,942	\$	5,281,637	\$	5,440,039	\$ 5,641,621	\$ 5,839,525

Source: American Fork City

Note: Other includes: Other fees, Hook-up fees

AMERICAN FORK CITY Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Ten Years (Dollars in thousands)

	Go	vernmental A	Activities		Busine	ess-type Activities		
	General		Special					
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Assessment		General	Revenue		Total Primary
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Obligation Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Gov. Debt
2006	18,685	5,510	4,929	779	254	-	4	35,211
2007	17,315	5,105	4,380	623	209	-	3	32,360
2008	15,935	4,680	3,831	403	45	-	1	25,245
2009	14,790	4,255	3,283	250	47,069	-	-	73,682
2010	13,595	3,855	2,735	90	47,024	-	-	70,969
2011	12,355	3,420	2,188	330	46,460	-	-	68,038
2012	11,090	2,980	-	807	45,355	-	-	63,117
2013	9,757	3,612	-	209	44,185	800	-	59,363
2014	8,398	3,110	-	326	42,970	769	-	56,342
2015	6,868	2,701	-	319	41,995	737	-	52,620

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt as a Percentage of Personal Income and Property Value

Ten Years (Dollars in thousands)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Ratio of total debt outstanding as a percentage of personal income:					,,,					
Total Debt	52,620	\$56,342	\$59,363	\$63,117	\$68,038	\$70,969	\$73,682	\$25,245	\$32,360	\$35,211
Personal Income (based on Previous Year's Average Federal AGI)	\$568,058	\$540,082	\$540,082	\$522,828	\$506,221	\$471,354	\$461,848	\$481,848	\$502,510	\$477,883
Ratio of total debt outstanding as a percentage of personal										
income:	9.26%	10.43%	10.99%	12.07%	13.44%	15.06%	15.95%	5.24%	6.44%	7.37%
Ratio of general bonded debt to estimated actual value of property:										
General bonded debt to be repaid from										
property taxes	\$48,863	\$51,368	\$53,942	\$56,445	\$58,815	\$60,619	\$61,859	\$15,980	\$17,524	\$18,939
Taxable assessed value	\$1,672,352	\$1,529,845	\$1,489,370	\$1,493,843	\$1,558,760	\$1,653,077	\$1,586,365	\$1,469,985	\$1,159,847	\$1,012,769
Ratio of general bonded debt to assessed value										
value of property	2.92%	3.36%	3.62%	3.78%	3.77%	3.67%	3.90%	1.09%	1.51%	1.87%
Population (Per Census)	29,415	27,813	27,147	26,814	26,401	26,263	27,019	26,590	24,546	25,131
Total Debt per Capita (in thousands)	\$1.79	\$2.03	\$2.19	\$2.35	\$2.58	\$2.70	\$2.73	\$0.95	\$1.32	\$1.40

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Personal income - www.tax.utah.gov/esu/income

Value of property: Utah State Tax Commission - Property Tax Division, Utah County Assessor's Office

Population Data: http://gomb.utah.gov/budget-policy/demographic-economic-analysis/ (2015 population Averaged 2010 and 2020.)

http://www.census.gov/popest/data/cities/totals

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Obligation Debt

For Period Ended June 30, 2015

Cornument Heit		Entity's Outstanding eral Obligation	City's Percentage of	I	ty's Share of Direct and
Government Unit	-	Debt	Taxable Value	Ove	rlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes					
CUWCD ^{3,4}	\$	240,065,000	1.40%	\$	3,360,910
Alpine School District		417,155,000	9.20%		38,378,260
Subtotal, overlapping debt					41,739,170
City direct debt (6)					48,863,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	90,602,170

Note:

- (1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of American Fork City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and business should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident-and therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping government.
- (2) Central Utah Water Conservancy District's (CUWCD) outstanding general obligation bonds are limited ad valorem tax bonds. By law CUWCD may levy a tax rate of up to .000400 to pay for operation and maintenance expenses and any outstanding ad valorum tax bonds.
- (3) CUWCD is located in multiple counties. Overlapping debt is based solely on the portion of value within City boundaries.
- (4) All portions of this American Fork City's outstanding general obligation debt related to secondary irrigation bonds are supported by user fee revenues from water or sewer.
- (5) The State's general obligation debt is not included in overlapping debt because the State currently levies no property tax for payment of general obligation bonds.
- (6) Source; Utah State Tax Commission TC-233b reports. Taxable value used in this table excludes the taxable value used to determine uniform fees on tangible personal property.

AMERICAN FORK CITY Legal Debt Margin Information

Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in thousands)

Assessed value \$ 2,403,307

Debt limit (12% of assessed value) 288,397

Debt applicable to limit:

General obligation bonds 48,863

General obligation bonds 48,863
Total net debt applicable to limit \$48,863
Legal debt margin \$239,534

	 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt limit	\$ 135,831	\$ 172,956	\$ 270,253	\$ 284,715	\$ 278,975	\$ 265,123	\$ 255,578	\$ 253,652	\$ 261,291	\$ 288,397
Total net debt applicable to limit	 23,222	22,175	68,029	66,889	65,698	58,815	56,425	52,425	51,368	48,863
Legal debt margin	\$ 112,609	\$ 150,781	\$ 202,224	\$ 217,826	\$ 213,277	\$ 206,308	\$ 199,153	\$ 201,227	\$ 209,923	\$ 239,534
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	17.10%	12.82%	25.17%	23.49%	23.55%	22.18%	22.08%	20.67%	19.66%	16.94%

Source: Uah State Property Tax Division

Notes: Under state finance law, the city's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 12% of total assessed property value.

Of this percent, a maximum of 4% may be used for general purpose. The remaining 8% and any unused portion of the 4% available for general purpose up to a maximum of 12% may be used for water, sewer, and electrical projects.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in thousands)

			Water B	onds			Spe	cial Assess	ment Bond	ls	Sa	ales Tax Inci	rement Bon	ds
				Debt Se	ervice			Debt S	ervice			Debt S	Service	
							Alpine/ Meadows							
	Utility	Less:	Net				Special							
Fiscal	Service	Operating	Available				Assessment				Sales &			
Year	Charge	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Bonds	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Use Tax	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2006	5,780	3,093	2,687	210	4	12.56	1,317	549	226	1.6994	4,810	615	488	4.36
2007	6,208	2,981	3,227	45	-	71.71	1,381	549	203	1.8364	5,755	730	474	4.78
2008	6,866	3,970	2,896	45	157	14.34	1,927	549	181	2.6397	6,042	765	451	4.97
2009	6,309	5,499	810	45	2,059	0.38	1,354	548	158	1.9178	5,406	775	416	4.54
2010	8,015	5,863	2,152	45	2,196	0.96	745	547	135	1.0924	4,935	765	389	4.28
2011	9,875	6,034	3,841	564	2,196	1.39	215	547	112	0.3263	4,552	820	362	3.85
2012	10,186	5,761	4,425	1,125	2177	1.34	-	-	-	-	5,390	840	325	4.63
2013	10,496	6,464	4,032	1,150	2296	1.17	_	-	-	-	5,911	460	127	10.07
2014	12,637	6,880	5,757	1,215	2095	1.74	-	-	-	-	6,235	533	164	8.95
2015	12,677	9,297	3,380	1,282	2,073	1.01	-	-	-	-	6,549	458	45	13.02

Source: American Fork City

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Ten Calendar Years

			Per Capita	
Calendar		Personal Income	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	(Federal AGI)	Income	Rate
2005	23,806	408,579,652	17,163	4.7%
2006	24,198	477,883,707	19,749	3.4%
2007	24,596	502,510,106	20,431	3.0%
2008	25,001	481,847,897	19,273	4.4%
2009	25,412	461,425,096	18,158	8.0%
2010	26,263	471,354,923	17,947	9.1%
2011	26,695	506,221,345	18,963	9.3%
2012	27,134	522,828,276	19,268	6.3%
2013	27,581	535,777,308	19,426	4.6%
2014	28,152	568,057,835	20,178	3.5%

Sources: Unemployment rate - http://www.bls.gov/eag/eag.ut.htm

Personal income - www.tax.utah.gov/esu/income

Population Projection-http://gomb.utah.gov/budget-policy/demographic-economic-analysis/ (averaged 2010 and 2020)

^{* 2015} personal income amounts are not available.

AMERICAN FORK CITY Full-Time Equivilant City Employees by Function/Program

Ten Fiscal Years

				Fis	cal Year					
	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015
Function/Program										
General government										
Administration	9.37	9.43	8.89	9.35	7.88	8.87	9.82	9.96	10.59	10.37
Legal ¹	1.00	1.21	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Data Processing	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic Development	0.22	0.32	0.30	0.23	0.22	0.21	0.18	0.20	0.19	0.84
Police										
Officers	33.58	32.13	31.85	32.38	30.60	32.55	32.14	33.51	32.76	34.00
Civilians	8.67	10.67	8.94	8.97	9.69	8.47	9.25	9.43	9.50	10.03
Fire/Ambulance ¹										
Firefighters and officers	3.64	4.27	5.17	2.82	1.00	0.63	0.96	0.21	0.29	23.50
Ambulance	8.70	9.20	22.53	28.87	31.84	31.24	34.81	37.04	32.96	10.32
Public Works										
Building and Grounds	3.45	4.01	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.42
Building Inspections	5.72	5.17	5.48	5.60	4.04	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.39	3.23
Engineering	2.00	2.00	2.98	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.60	4.67	4.79
Fleet	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.57	-	-
Public Works Admin.	-	0.49	1.26	1.37	1.38	0.77	1.09	1.90	2.00	2.00
Secondary Irrigation ¹	-	-	2.53	2.66	2.09	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Sewer	3.00	3.83	4.63	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Storm Drain	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.13	1.29	1.00	1.00	1.00
Streets	3.17	3.02	4.00	5.00	5.54	5.08	6.02	7.00	6.94	6.05
Water	5.00	5.00	6.56	8.00	8.00	7.68	6.83	6.00	6.00	6.09
Planning ¹	3.00	3.00	3.15	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.15	2.00	2.00
Parks and recreation ¹										
Cemetery	7.78	6.81	7.57	7.33	7.62	7.62	7.69	7.09	7.37	7.58
Recreation	4.23	4.13	5.43	5.18	5.04	5.61	7.82	8.40	8.80	8.05
Fitness	23.33	28.23	37.78	38.85	36.37	35.87	37.05	36.84	40.90	37.57
Parks	7.54	6.74	7.80	8.88	8.04	8.84	10.65	10.87	11.58	10.68
Boat Harbor	2.07	2.21	2.24	2.12	2.24	1.67	0.76	1.22	1.02	1.18
Library	12.43	13.71	12.94	12.59	12.12	12.87	12.96	12.61	11.45	11.28
Literacy	0.79	0.78	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.05	0.59	0.60
Broadband	5.52	5.45	4.49	4.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Arts		-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.01		
Total	157.21	163.81	193.92	203.63	196.14	195.54	205.77	208.09	206.43	203.58

Principal Employers

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	20:	15	200)5
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Alpine Bd of Education	500-999	1		
American Fork Hospital	500-999	1		
State of Utah, Ut. State Developmenta	500-999	1		
DMI GC Holdings, LLC	250-499	2		
Domo, Inc	250-499	2		
Henry Schein Practice Solutions	250-499	2		
Myler Disability, LLC	250-499	2		
Universal Contracting, LLC	250-499	2		
Wal Mart	250-499	3		
The Home Depot	100-249	3		
Target	100-249	3		
Utah State Development Center			500-999	1
Substitutes			500-999	1
American Fork Hospital			500-999	1
Walmart			500-999	1
Alpine Board of Education			250-499	2
Sentro Innovations			250-499	2
Dentrix Dental Systems			250-499	2
Twinlab Corporation			250-499	2
Target Corp			100-249	3
Home Depot			100-249	3
Total	3200-6489		3200-6490	

Source

 $\underline{http://jobs.utah.gov/jsp/firmfind/Largefirms.do?firmarea=Utah}$

http://jobs.utah.gov/jsp/firmfind/welcome.do

^{***}Speciffic employee numbers are no longer available. A range of the number of employees are presented instead.

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Ten Fiscal Years

_					Fiscal Yea	r					
-	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program											
General government											
Building permits issued	626	452	463	466	354	263	299	337	398	392	504
Business licenses issued	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	199	218
Paychecks issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,938	11,265
Vendor checks is sued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,052	4,564
Police											
Physical arrests											
Adults	1,395	774	1,450	1,244	1,516	1,287	1,112	1,007	983	887	847
Juveniles	335	309	442	446	510	512	363	344	285	239	290
Homicide	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
Rape	7	10	7	5	10	8	7	11	5	3	5
Robbery	3	1	6	5	8	10	15	4	6	6	4
Aggrevated Assault	17	17	16	23	17	16	18	8	23	16	12
Burglary	175	144	246	145	222	162	186	175	117	106	87
Larceny	858	755	744	840	1,041	969	795	731	672	674	721
Motor Vehicle Theft	52	71	60	44	39	43	27	34	30	37	13
Arson	1	1	-	5	2	4	1	2	2	1	-
Crime Rate/1000	49.72	46.79	31.73	30.14	36.57	31.77	29.14	38	23	22	22
Violent Crime									34	26	-
Ambulance									1.000		1 225
911 calls	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,003	1,170	1,237
Basic Life support transports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	468	465	464
Advanced life support transports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	374	379	310
Critical Care ICU Transports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40 521	72	48
Other Fire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	321	-	-
Alarms								_	175	164	183
Public Educatinn Events	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	8,306	5,728	7.651
Hydrant Inspections		-	-	-	_	_	-	_	2,464	776	3,160
Business Fire Inspections			_	_	_	_	_	_	305	1,132	1,454
Structural fires	14	17	18	18	9	19	13	167	14	1,132	1,434
Vehicle fires	10	10	13	16	8	7	7	-	170	18	56
Extracations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	17	17	21
Outside fires	13	21	31	64	14	10	19	48	20	12	15
All other fires	3	-	3	3	-	26	5	-	373	117	134
Public Works											
Street resurfacing (miles)	_	-	_	_	_	-			4	3	_
Potholes repaired*	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	35	450	35	-
Parks and recreation											
Cemetery Burials	157	151	143	174	159	136	161	174	184	147	156
Fitness center admissions			185,197	204,727	245,552	277,339	282,991	251,632	272,533	258,406	260,000
Water											
New Residential connections											
Residential	117	196	214	134	55	48	63	77	118	186	107
Commercial	37	20	14	15	12	4	7	10	12	19	12
Water main breaks	-	-	-	-	-	-			90	72	-
Average daily consumption*	-	-	-	-	-	1669.47	4626.46	3138.88	3110.00	2806.32	2383.42
(thousands of gallons)											
Sewer											
Average daily sewer treatment											
(thousands of gallons)	79.00	85.38	99.84	104.76	96.72	96.49	113.41	111.09	85.12	64.78	52.09
Library											
Volumes in collection	98,354	102,608	101,645	102,787	105,877	107,472	113,851	,	112,645	122,922	106,195
Total volumes borrowed	254,546	272,402	260,219	300,633	330,458	341,545	311,310	364,343	295,212	299,550	307,772

Sources: American Fork City

http://bci.utah.gov/wp-content/uploads/sites/15/2015/09/2014-Preliminary-Report-final-1.pdf

 $\underline{http://publicsafety.utah.gov/firemarshal}$

Utah State Fire Marshal Office

https://www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/ucr/crime-in-the-u.s/2014/crime-in-the-u.s.-2014/tables/table-8/table-8-by-state/Table 8 Offenses

Known_to_Law_Enforcement_by_Utah_by_City_2014 http://publicsafety.utah.gov/firemarshal/documents/2013FireReportbyFDID.pdf

^{*}Data prior to information for years listed, is not available.

Capital Assets by Function/Program

Ten Fiscal Years

_			F	iscal Year							
	2005	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>
Function/Program											
Police											
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	43	43	43	43
Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works											
Streets (miles)	99.05	100.75	102.23	103.54	104.01	104.04	104.26	105.30	105.76	111.56	111.56
Streetlights	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1121	1121
Parks and recreation											
Acreage	163	163	163	168	174	174	174	174	174	183	183
Playgrounds	8	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	32	32	32
Baseball/softball diamonds	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Soccer/football fields	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Flag footbal fields	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Tackle football fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
Basketball/tennis courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water											
Culinary Water Lines (miles)	127.66	129.99	133.50	134.30	136.68	136.68	136.77	136.84	137.29	150.64	158.91
Irrigation Water Lines (miles)*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120.58	103.7	114.68
Irrigation line breaks*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	57	57
Storm Drain (miles)	16.84	17.65	18.54	18.62	19.53	19.53	19.53	19.59	19.7	56.66	62.54
Sanitary sewers (miles)	103.36	105.26	108.08	108.81	110.58	110.58	110.65	110.67	111.08	123.1	123.73
Average monthly sewer treatment	79.00	85.38	99.84	104.76	96.72	96.49	113.41	111.09	85.123	64.7781	64.7781
(millions of gallons; contract)											
Fire Hydrants*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,111	1,111	1068	1068
Upper pond storage capacity(million of ga	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	5
Lower pond storage capacity (millions of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10	10	10

Sources: American Fork City

^{*}Data prior to information for years listed, is not available.

AMERICAN FORK CITY Schedule of Insurance

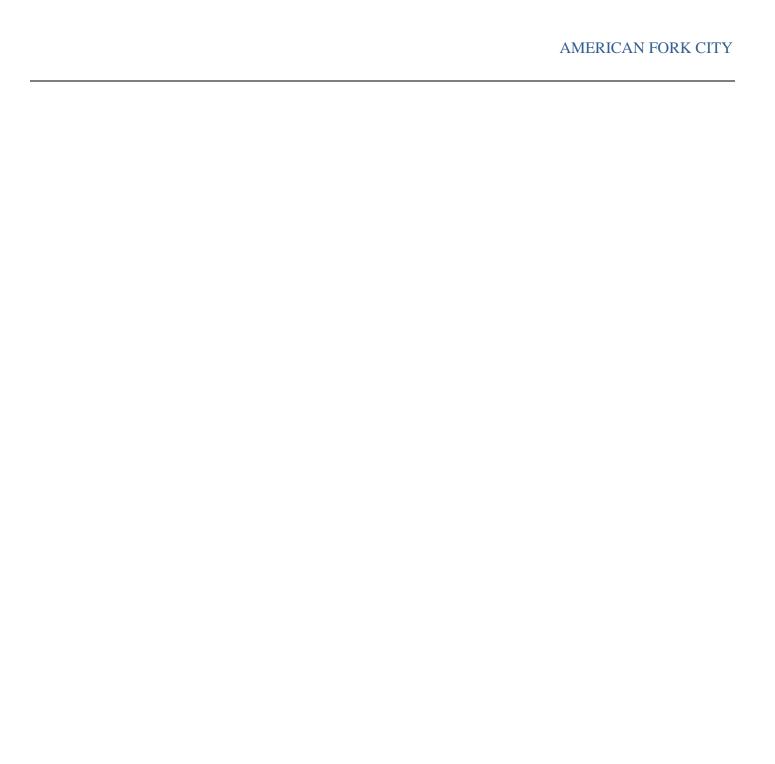
July 2014 through June 2015

Description	Company	Liability Limit	Effective Date
Property	Affiliated FM	\$37,924,130	7/1/2014
Contents	Affiliated FM	\$11,413,910	7/1/2014
Contractors equipment	Affiliated FM	\$1,289,647	7/1/2014
EDP equipment	Affiliated FM	\$4,136,360	7/1/2014
Earthquake	Affilated FM	\$50,000,000	7/1/2014
Flood	Affiliated FM	\$50,000,000	7/1/2014
Crime	Travelers	\$500,000.00	7/1/2014
General liability	One Beacon	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	7/1/2014
Automobile liability	One Beacon	\$1,000,000	7/1/2014
Employment practices	One Beacon	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	7/1/2014
Employee benefit	One Beacon	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	7/1/2014
Public officials E & O	One Beacon	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	7/1/2014
Law enforcement	One Beacon	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	7/1/2014
Umbrella	One Beacon / Torus	\$15,000,000	7/1/2014
Auto damage	One Beacon	Actual cash value	7/1/2014
Public official treasurer bond	The Hartford	\$1,500,000	4/4/2014

Compliance Reports

Schedule of Expenditures of State Grants, Contracts and Loan Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Grant Name	Award/Contract # (if applicable)	Ex	penditures
Utah State Library Division			
Community Library Enhancement Fund	USL-13-0174	\$	8,049
Subtotal – Utah State Library Division		\$	8,049
Mountainland Association of Governments	B-12-UC-49-003		
CDBG Grant (Receivable)	CDA#14.218	\$	251,166
Subtotal – Utah Division of Drinking Water		\$	251,166
Utah Historical Society			
Historical Preservation Commission		\$	2,888
Subtotal – Utah Historical Society		\$	2,888
US Department of Justice			
COPS		\$	2,649
Subtotal -US Department of Justice		\$	2,649
Department of Public Safety			
DUI Enforcement		\$	7,827
Click it or Ticket			481
Tobacco Compliance			705
UCMC Funds			251
Subtotal –Department of Public Safety		\$	9,264
<u>VOCA</u>			
Victims of Crime Act	94-638-4336	\$	27,681
Subtotal – VOCA		\$	27,681
Economic Development			
CDBG-Parks		\$	4,980
Subtotal – Economic Development		\$	4,980
Utah County			
900 West Funding		\$	657,987
900 West Funding (Receivable)			196,853
Subtotal – Utah County		\$	854,840
TOTAL GRANT, CONTRACT, AND LOAN FUND EXPENDITURES		\$	1,161,517



Thank you, from the Administration and Staff of American Fork City, for your interest in our City.